

Voltage Transducer LV 100-2000/SP17

For the electronic measurement of voltages: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit

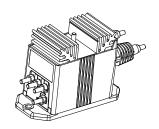


Electrical data 2000 V V_{PN} Primary nominal RMS voltage Primary voltage, measuring range 0 ... ±3000 V V_{PM} Primary nominal RMS current 5 mΑ $I_{\mathrm{P\,N}}$ Measuring resistance $R_{\rm M\,min}$ $R_{\rm M}$ @ ±1000 V _{max} with ±15 V 0 490 Ω @ ±2000 V _{max} 0 210 Ω @ ±3000 V _{max} 0 120 Ω @ ±1000 V _{max} with ±24 V 0 880 Ω @ ±2000 V _{max} 0 410 Ω @ ±3000 V _{max} 0 250 Ω $I_{\rm S\,N}$ Secondary nominal RMS current 50 mΑ Conversion ratio 2000 V:50 mA Supply voltage (±10 %) ±15 ... 24 Current consumption < 37 (@ ±24 V) + I_s mA $I_{\rm C}$

	Accuracy - Dynamic performance data			
Χ	Accuracy @ V_{PN} , $T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	±0.9		%
ε	Linearity error	< 0.1		%
	-	Тур	Max	
I_{c}	Offset current @ $V_P = 0$, $T_A = 25 °C$		±0.2	mA
I_{c}	Temperature variation of I_0 -25 °C +80 °C	±0.4	±0.6	mA
t.	Step response time to 90 % of V_{a} .	60		μs

Ambient operating temperature	-25 + 80	°C
Ambient storage temperature	-40 +85	°C
Turns ratio	20000 : 2000	
Total primary power loss	10	W
Resistance of primary winding $@T_A = 25 °C$	400	kΩ
Resistance of secondary winding @ $T_{\rm A}$ = 80 °C	56	Ω
Mass	790	g
Standard	EN 50155: 1995	
	Ambient storage temperature Turns ratio Total primary power loss Resistance of primary winding @ $T_A = 25 ^{\circ}$ C Resistance of secondary winding @ $T_A = 80 ^{\circ}$ C Mass	Ambient storage temperature $-40 \dots +85$ Turns ratio $20000:2000$ Total primary power loss 10 Resistance of primary winding @ $T_A = 25$ °C 400 Resistance of secondary winding @ $T_A = 80$ °C 56 Mass 790

$V_{PN} = 2000 \text{ V}$



Features

- Closed loop (compensated) voltage transducer using the Hall effect
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0
- Primary resistor incorporated within the housing.

Special features

- U_C = ±15 ... 24 (±10 %) V
- T_Δ = -25 °C ... +80 °C
- Shield around primary and secondary winding
- Connection to primary and secondary circuit on UNC 10-24 threaded studs.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized responsed time
- · Wide frequency bandwith
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference.

Applications

- Single or three phase inverters
- Propulsion and braking choppers
- Propulsion converters
- Auxiliary converters
- Battery chargers.

Application domain

• Traction.

General data



Voltage Transducer LV 100-2000/SP17

Insulation coordination						
$U_{\rm d}$	RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	6 ¹⁾ 1 ²⁾	kV kV			
d	Creepage distance	Min 164.8	mm			
$d_{Cp} \ d_{Cl}$	Clearance	47.1	mm			
CTI	Comparative tracking index (group I)	600				

Notes: 1) Between primary and secondary + shield + heatsink

Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (e.g. primary connections, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

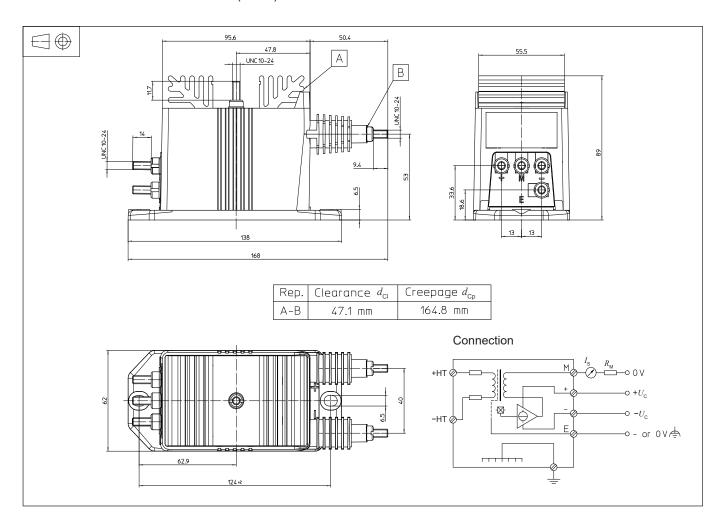
A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

²⁾ Between secondary and shield.



Dimensions LV 100-2000/SP17 (in mm)



Mechanical characteristics

General tolerance

Transducer fastening

Recommended fastening torque

· Connection of primary Recommended fastening torque 2.2 N·m

Connection of secondary

Recommended fastening torque 2.2 N·m Connection to the ground

Recommended fastening torque 2.2 N·m

±0.5 mm

2 holes Ø 6.5 mm

2 M6 or UNC 12-24 steel screws

5 N·m

UNC 10-24 threaded studs

UNC 10-24 threaded studs

UNC 10-24 threaded stud

Remarks

- $I_{\rm S}$ is positive when $V_{\rm P}$ is applied on terminal +HT.
- The primary circuit of the transducer must be linked to the connections where the voltage has to be measured.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: Products/Product Documentation.