

Integrated Current Sensor GXM ANC (Version A) Industrial Only

$I_{\scriptscriptstyle \mathsf{PM}}$ From 50 to 200 A

Version A – Industrial Grade Only Description

The GXM ANC Series is a LEM integrated current transducer solution designed to measure AC and DC current in industrial applications. The differential sensing technique allows the sensor to reject an external field coming from a noisy environment. Proprietary stress and temperature compensation algorithms are implemented to achieve very good accuracy over wide temperature range. The primary conductor (pins 1 and 2) has a very low electrical resistance of 0.27 m Ω (typical), which enables excellent performance at low power losses. The GXM ANC is capable of measuring currents from 50 to 200A over a wide temperature range. Internal and external overcurrent detection circuits are implemented to provide fast, reliable flexible protection solutions. The galvanic isolation between the primary and secondary eliminates the need for any additional insulation, reducing the total footprint and the cost of the system.

Note on Version Q - Automotive Grade

The Version Q of the GXM ANC Series will be dedicated to automotive applications, with AEC-Q100 qualification and specifications tailored to meet automotive sector requirements.

Key Features & Advantages

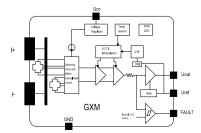
- Current Range: 50 to 200 A (multi-range)
- Primary Resistance: 0.27 $m\Omega$ (minimizing power loss and heating)
- Surge Current Capability: Up to 20 kA (IEC61000-4-5), industry-leading for industrial environments
- Bandwidth: 320 kHz, Response Time: 1.5 μs
- Galvanic Isolation: 5000 Vrms, 8.2 mm clearance and creepage distances
- Dual Supply Voltage: 3.3 V or 5 V for design flexibility
- Integrated Overcurrent Detection: Internal and external OCD circuits for fast and reliable protection
- Operating Temperature: -40 °C to +150 °C
- Compact SOIC10L Package: Optimized for PCB space
- ROHS.

Product MOQ

GXM-XXX: 1000pcs/Reel.

Applications

- Solar System
- · Servo and Drive
- Automation
- HVAC.









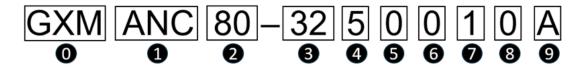
Main Order Information (Recommended the following device)

| Part number | Full Scale Primary Current (A) | Nominal current (A) | Power Supply (V) | Sensitivity (mV/A) | Package |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|----------|
| GXM ANC 50-20 30010A | 50 | 20 | 3.3 | 26.4 | |
| GXM ANC 50-20 50010A | 50 | 20 | 5 | 40 | |
| GXM ANC 75-30 50030A | 75 | 30 | 5 | 26.67 | |
| GXM ANC 75-30 30010A | 75 | 30 | 3.3 | 17.6 | |
| GXM ANC 80-32 50010A | 80 | 32 | 5 | 25 | |
| GXM ANC 80-32 30010A | 80 | 32 | 3.3 | 16.5 | |
| GXM ANC 100-40 30010A | 100 | 40 | 3.3 | 13.2 | |
| GXM ANC 100-40 50010A | 100 | 40 | 5 | 20 | |
| GXM ANC 100-40 50030A | 100 | 40 | 5 | 20 | SOIC 10L |
| GXM ANC 100-40 51030A | 100 | 40 | 5 | 41.2 | |
| GXM ANC 110-44 30010A | 110 | 44 | 3.3 | 12 | |
| GXM ANC 150-60 50010A | 150 | 60 | 5 | 13.3 | 7 |
| GXM ANC 150-60 50030A | 150 | 60 | 5 | 13.3 | |
| GXM ANC 150-60 51030A | 150 | 60 | 5 | 27.47 | |
| GXM ANC 200-80 50010A | 200 | 80 | 5 | 10 | 7 |
| GXM ANC 200-80 50020A | 200 | 80 | 5 | 10 | |

For more information about LEM stock and lead time please contact us.

https://www.lem.com/en/form/contact-us?utm_source=lem&utm_medium=datasheet&utm_campaign=ds_...

Product Naming Rules



- Integrated Current Sensor
- ASIC Version
- 2 Full Scale Current (A)
- 3 Nominal Current (A)
- 4 Supply Voltage: 5 - VCC = 5 V; 3 - VCC = 3.3 V

- Output Directionality:
 - 0 Bipolar output; 1 Unipolar output
- Output mode:
 - 0 Fixed mode output; 1 Ratiometric mode output
- 7 Trimming code
- Operating Temperature Range: 0:-40~150 °C; 1:-40~125 °C
- Product Version



Pin Definitions

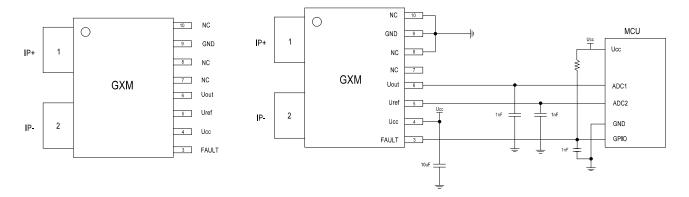


Figure 1: Pin definitions and application circuit

| Pins number | Name | Function | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | I_{P} + | Input of the primary current | | | | |
| 2 | <i>I</i> _P - | Output of the primary current | | | | |
| 3 | OCD Pin | Over Current Detection | | | | |
| 4 | U_{c} | Supply voltage | | | | |
| 5 | $U_{ m ref}$ | Reference voltage | | | | |
| 6 | U_{out} | Output voltage | | | | |
| 7 | NC | Not connected | | | | |
| 8 | NC | Not connected | | | | |
| 9 | GND | Ground | | | | |
| 10 | NC | Not connected | | | | |





Absolute maximum ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Value |
|--|---------------------|------|-------|
| Maximum supply voltage @ 25 °C | $U_{\rm C\; max}$ | V | 6.5 |
| Maximum junction temperature 1) | $T_{ m Jmax}$ | °C | 150 |
| Electrostatic discharge voltage (HBM - Human Body Model) | $U_{\rm ESD\; HBM}$ | kV | 8 |
| Electrostatic discharge voltage (CDM - Charged Device Model) | $U_{\rm ESD\;CDM}$ | kV | 2 |
| Source sink max current | | mA | ±25 |

Note: Absolute maximum ratings apply at 25 °C unless otherwise noted.

Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage.

Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods may degrade reliability.

Environmental and mechanical characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Тур | Max | Comment |
|---|-----------|------|-----|------|-----|---------|
| Ambient operating temperature | T_{A} | °C | -40 | | 150 | |
| Ambient storage temperature | T_{Ast} | °C | -40 | | 150 | |
| Resistance of the primary @ T_A = 25 °C | R_{P} | mΩ | | 0.27 | | |

Insulation coordination

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Value | Comment |
|--|-----------------------------|------|-------|---|
| RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min | U_{d} | Vrms | 5000 | According to IEC 62368-1 |
| Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 μs | U_{Ni} | kV | 10 | According to IEC 61000-4-5 |
| Surge current | I_{Surge} | kA | 20 | According to IEC61000-4-5 |
| Clearance (pri sec.) | $d_{\scriptscriptstyle CI}$ | mm | 8.2 | Shortest distance through air |
| Creepage distance (pri sec.) | $d_{\scriptscriptstyle CP}$ | mm | 8.2 | Shortest path along device body |
| Comparative tracking index | CTI | V/ns | >=600 | CTI I |
| Common-mode transient immunity | CMTI | V/ns | >100 | The criterion for judging the failure is that the output peak is greater than 100 mV and the duration is longer than 1 us |
| Application example System voltage RMS | | Vrms | 1144 | Basic insulation according to IEC 62368-1 |
| Application example System voltage DC | | Vdc | 1618 | Basic insulation according to IEC 62368-1 |

Note: 1) Done on LEM evaluation board PCB.





GXM Common Characteries ($T_{\rm A}$ = -40 °C ... 150 °C, $U_{\rm C}$ = 5 V or 3.3 V, unless otherwise noted)

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Тур | Max | Comment |
|---|--------------------------------|----------|------|-------------------|----------------------|--|
| | | | 3 | 3.3 | 3.6 | $U_{\rm c}$ = 3.3 V |
| DC supply voltage | U_{c} | V | 4.5 | 5 | 5.5 | U _c = 5 V |
| DC current consumption | I_{C} | mA | | 12 | 15 | No load, $U_{\rm C}$ = 5 V, $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C |
| | | | 2.49 | 2.5 | 2.51 | $U_{\rm C}$ = 5 V, Bipolar&Fixed version , $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C |
| | | | 1.64 | 1.65 | 1.66 | $U_{\rm C}$ = 3.3 V, Bipolar&Fixed version , $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C |
| Internal reference voltage @ I_p = 0 A | $U_{ m l\ ref}$ | v | 0.49 | 0.5 | 0.51 | $U_{\rm C}$ = 5 V, Unipolar&Fixed version , $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C |
| | | | 0.32 | 0.33 | 0.34 | $U_{\rm C}$ = 3.3 V, Unipolar&Fixed version , $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C |
| Load capacitance 1) | C_{L} | nF | | | 10 | |
| Load resistance 1) | R_{L} | kΩ | 10 | | | |
| Primary conductor resistance | R_{P} | mΩ | | 0.27 | | T _A = 25 °C |
| Power On Time | t _{PO} | ms | | 1 | | $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C, before OTP is loading |
| Linearity error 0 $\pm I_{\rm PM}$ | $arepsilon_{L}$ | % | / | ±0.2 | / | Linearity error 0 ± $I_{\sf PM}$ |
| Output voltage range @ $I_{\rm PM}$ | $U_{\rm out} U_{\rm ref}$ | V | 0.1 | | U _c - 0.1 | $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C, $C_{\rm L}$ = 1 nF, $R_{\rm L}$ = 10 k Ω , to $U_{\rm C}$ or GND |
| Frequency bandwidth (-3 dB) | BW | kHz | | 320 | | $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C , $U_{\rm C}$ = 5 V , -3dB bandwidth , $C_{\rm L}$ = 1 nF |
| Noise density | N_{d} | uArms/ | | 260 | | $T_{\rm A} = 25 {\rm ^{\circ}C} , \ \ U_{\rm C} = 5 {\rm V} , \ \ C_{\rm L} = 1 {\rm nF}$ |
| | a d | √Hz | | 370 | | $T_{\rm A} = 25 {\rm ^{\circ}C} , \ \ U_{\rm C} = 3.3 {\rm V} , \ \ C_{\rm L} = 1 {\rm nF}$ |
| Internal OCD threshold error | $arepsilon_{	extsf{I OCD Th}}$ | % | | ±8 | | Referred to $I_{\rm PM}$ $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C , $C_{\rm L}$ = 1 nF |
| OCD detection threshold | I_{IOCDTh} | А | | I_{PM} | | 25 °C 150 °C |
| OCD output on resistance | R _{on I OCD} | kΩ | 4.7 | | 100 | |
| Delay time @ 10 % of the final output value $I_{\rm PN}$ step | t _{D 10} | μs | | 1.2 | | $T_{\rm A} = 25 {\rm ^{\circ}C}, \ C_{\rm L} = 1 {\rm nF}, \ U_{\rm C} = 5 {\rm V}$ |
| Delay time @ 90 % of the final output value $I_{\rm PN}$ step | t _{D 90} | μs | | 1.5 | | $T_{\rm A} = 25 {\rm ^{\circ}C}, \ C_{\rm L} = 1 {\rm nF}, \ U_{\rm C} = 5 {\rm V}$ |
| OCD delay time | $t_{	extsf{DIOCD}}$ | μs | | 1.5 | | $T_{\rm A} = 25 {\rm ^{\circ}C} , \ \ C_{\rm L} = 1 {\rm nF} , \ \ U_{\rm C} = 5 {\rm V}$ |

Note: 1) Guaranteed by design.





Electrical data GXM ANC 50-20 30010A, (At $T_{\rm A}$ = -40 °C ... 150 °C, $U_{\rm C}$ = 3.3 V , unless otherwise noted)

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Тур | Max | Comment |
|--|------------------------|-------------------|-----|------|-----|---|
| Primary nominal current | I_{PN} | Α | | 20 | | |
| Primary current, measuring range | I_{PM} | Α | -50 | | 50 | |
| Internal reference voltage @ I_P = 0 A | $U_{\mathrm{l ref}}$ | V | | 1.65 | | |
| Nominal sensitivity | S_{N} | mV/A | | 26.4 | | |
| Sensitivity error | C | % | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| | $\varepsilon_{\rm s}$ | 70 | | ±3.5 | | T _A = −40 °C 25 °C |
| Sum of sensitivity and linearity error @ $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C | € _{S L 25} | % of $I_{\rm PN}$ | / | 2 | / | |
| Electrical affect valtage referred to primary | II. | mV | -10 | | 10 | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{I ref}} @ U_{\text{I ref}} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = 25 \text{ °C } 150 \text{ °C}$ |
| Electrical offset voltage referred to primary | $U_{\rm OE}$ | IIIV | | ±15 | | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{I ref}} @ U_{\text{I ref}} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = -40 \text{ °C } 25 \text{ °C}$ |
| Electrical offset current referred to primary | I _{OE} | mA | | | | |
| Total output error 1) | E | 0/ of I | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| | $E_{\rm total}$ | % of $I_{\rm PN}$ | | ±3.5 | | T _A = −40 °C 25 °C |
| Total output error over lifetime drift | $E_{\rm total_drift}$ | % | | ±2 % | | T _A = 25 °C |

Electrical data GXM ANC 50-20 50010A, (At $T_{\rm A}$ = -40 °C ... 150 °C, $U_{\rm C}$ = 5 V , unless otherwise noted)

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Тур | Max | Comment |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------|-----|------|-----|--|
| Primary nominal current | I_{PN} | Α | | 20 | | |
| Primary current, measuring range | I_{PM} | А | -50 | | 50 | |
| Internal reference voltage @ I_P = 0 A | $U_{\mathrm{l}\mathrm{ref}}$ | V | | 2.5 | | |
| Nominal sensitivity | S_{N} | mV/A | | 40 | | |
| Sensitivity error | | % | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| | ε_{s} | 70 | | ±3.5 | | T _A = -40 °C 25 °C |
| Sum of sensitivity and linearity error @ $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C | € _{S L 25} | % of $I_{\rm PN}$ | / | 2 | / | |
| Electrical offset voltage referred to primary | 17 | mV | -10 | | 10 | |
| Electrical offset voltage referred to primary | U_{OE} | IIIV | | ±15 | | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{Iref}} @ U_{\text{Iref}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = -40 \text{ °C } 25 \text{ °C}$ |
| Electrical offset current referred to primary | Ioe | mA | | | | |
| Total output error 1) | E | % of I | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| | $E_{ m total}$ | % of I_{PN} | | ±3.5 | | T _A = −40 °C 25 °C |
| Total output error over lifetime drift | $E_{\rm total_drift}$ | % | | 2 % | | T _A = 25 °C |

Note: 1) In production, total output error and sensitivity error are measured and calculated at 30 A.





Electrical data GXM ANC 75-30 30010A, (At $T_{\rm A}$ = -40 °C ... 150 °C, $U_{\rm C}$ = 3.3 V , unless otherwise noted)

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Тур | Max | Comment |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------|-----|------|-----|--|
| Primary nominal current | I_{PN} | Α | | 30 | | |
| Primary current, measuring range | I_{PM} | Α | -75 | | 75 | |
| Internal reference voltage @ I_P = 0 A | $U_{\mathrm{l}\mathrm{ref}}$ | V | | 1.65 | | |
| Nominal sensitivity | S_{N} | mV/A | | 17.6 | | |
| Sensitivity error | c | % | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| | $\varepsilon_{\rm S}$ | /0 | | ±3.5 | | T _A = −40 °C 25 °C |
| Sum of sensitivity and linearity error @ $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C | € _{S L 25} | % of $I_{\rm PN}$ | / | 2 | / | |
| Electrical offset voltage referred to primary | 17 | mV | -10 | | 10 | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{1 ref}} @ U_{\text{1 ref}} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = 25 \text{ °C} \dots 150 \text{ °C}$ |
| | U_{OE} | IIIV | | ±15 | | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{Iref}} @ U_{\text{Iref}} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = -40 \text{ °C } 25 \text{ °C}$ |
| Electrical offset current referred to primary | I _{o E} | mA | | | | |
| Total output error 1) | Г. | 0/ -f 1 | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| | $E_{ m total}$ | % of $I_{\rm PN}$ | | ±3.5 | | T _A = -40 °C 25 °C |
| Total output error over lifetime drift | $E_{\rm total_drift}$ | % | | 2 % | | T _A = 25 °C |

Electrical data GXM ANC 75-30 50030A, (At $T_{\rm A}$ = -40 °C ... 150 °C, $U_{\rm C}$ = 5 V , unless otherwise noted)

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Тур | Max | Comment |
|--|------------------------|-------------------|-----|-------|-----|---|
| Primary nominal current | I_{PN} | Α | | 30 | | |
| Primary current, measuring range | I_{PM} | Α | -75 | | 75 | |
| Internal reference voltage @ I_P = 0 A | $U_{\mathrm{l ref}}$ | V | | 2.5 | | |
| Nominal sensitivity | S_{N} | mV/A | | 26.67 | | |
| Sensitivity error | C | % | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| | $\varepsilon_{\rm S}$ | 70 | | ±3.5 | | T _A = -40 °C 25 °C |
| Sum of sensitivity and linearity error @ $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C | € _{S L 25} | % of $I_{\rm PN}$ | / | 2 | / | |
| Electrical offset voltage referred to primary | 17 | mV | -10 | | 10 | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{I ref}} @ U_{\text{I ref}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = 25 \text{ °C} \dots 150 \text{ °C}$ |
| Electrical offset voltage referred to primary | $U_{\rm OE}$ | IIIV | | ±15 | | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{I ref}} @ U_{\text{I ref}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = -40 \text{ °C } 25 \text{ °C}$ |
| Electrical offset current referred to primary | Ioe | mA | | | | |
| Total autout array 1) | E | 0/ of I | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| Total output error 1) | E_{total} | % of I_{PN} | | ±3.5 | | T _A = −40 °C 25 °C |
| Total output error over lifetime drift | $E_{\rm total_drift}$ | % | | 2 % | | T _A = 25 °C |





Electrical data GXM ANC 80-32 30010A, (At $T_{\rm A}$ = -40 °C ... 150 °C, $U_{\rm C}$ = 3.3 V , unless otherwise noted)

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Тур | Max | Comment |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------|-----|------|-----|---|
| Primary nominal current | I_{PN} | Α | | 32 | | |
| Primary current, measuring range | I_{PM} | Α | -80 | | 80 | |
| Internal reference voltage @ I_P = 0 A | $U_{\mathrm{l}\mathrm{ref}}$ | V | | 1.65 | | |
| Nominal sensitivity | S_{N} | mV/A | | 16.5 | | |
| Sensitivity error | | % | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| | $\varepsilon_{\rm s}$ | 70 | | ±3.5 | | T _A = −40 °C 25 °C |
| Sum of sensitivity and linearity error @ $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C | € _{S L 25} | % of $I_{\rm PN}$ | / | 2 | / | |
| Electrical offset voltage referred to primary | U_{OE} | mV | -10 | | 10 | $U_{\text{out}}^{-}U_{\text{I ref}} @ U_{\text{I ref}} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = 25 \text{ °C} \dots 150 \text{ °C}$ |
| | | IIIV | | ±15 | | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{Iref}} @ U_{\text{Iref}} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = -40 \text{ °C } 25 \text{ °C}$ |
| Electrical offset current referred to primary | I _{o E} | mA | | | | |
| Total output error 1) | E | 0/ of I | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| | $E_{ m total}$ | % of I_{PN} | | ±3.5 | | T _A = -40 °C 25 °C |
| Total output error over lifetime drift | $E_{\rm total_drift}$ | % | | 2 % | | T _A = 25 °C |

Electrical data GXM ANC 80-32 50010A, (At $T_{\rm A}$ = -40 °C ... 150 °C, $U_{\rm C}$ = 5 V , unless otherwise noted)

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Тур | Max | Comment |
|--|------------------------|-------------------|-----|------|-----|---|
| Primary nominal current | I_{PN} | Α | | 32 | | |
| Primary current, measuring range | I_{PM} | Α | -80 | | 80 | |
| Internal reference voltage @ I_P = 0 A | $U_{\mathrm{l ref}}$ | V | | 2.5 | | |
| Nominal sensitivity | S_{N} | mV/A | | 25 | | |
| Sensitivity error | C | % | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| | $\varepsilon_{\rm S}$ | /0 | | ±3.5 | | T _A = −40 °C 25 °C |
| Sum of sensitivity and linearity error @ T_A = 25 °C | € _{S L 25} | % of $I_{\rm PN}$ | / | 2 | 1 | |
| Electrical offset voltage referred to primary | I.I. | mV | -10 | | 10 | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{l ref}} @ U_{\text{l ref}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = 25 \text{ °C} \dots 150 \text{ °C}$ |
| | U_{OE} | 111 V | | ±15 | | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{l ref}} @ U_{\text{l ref}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = -40 \text{ °C } 25 \text{ °C}$ |
| Electrical offset current referred to primary | I _{OE} | mA | | | | |
| Total output error 1) | E | 0/. of I | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| Total output error 1) | $E_{ m total}$ | % of I_{PN} | | ±3.5 | | T _A = -40 °C 25 °C |
| Total output error over lifetime drift | $E_{\rm total_drift}$ | % | | 2 % | | T _A = 25 °C |





Electrical data GXM ANC 100-40 30010A, (At $T_{\rm A}$ = -40 °C ... 150 °C, $U_{\rm C}$ = 3.3 V , unless otherwise noted)

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Тур | Max | Comment |
|--|--|-------------------|------|------|-------------------------------|---|
| Primary nominal current | I_{PN} | Α | | 40 | | |
| Primary current, measuring range | I_{PM} | А | -100 | | 100 | |
| Internal reference voltage @ I_P = 0 A | $U_{\mathrm{l}\mathrm{ref}}$ | V | | 1.65 | | |
| Nominal sensitivity | S_{N} | mV/A | | 13.2 | | |
| Sensitivity error | | % | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| Sensitivity error | $\varepsilon_{\rm S}$ | /0 | | ±3.5 | | T _A = −40 °C 25 °C |
| Sum of sensitivity and linearity error @ $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C | € _{S L 25} | % of $I_{\rm PN}$ | 1 | 2 | 1 | |
| Electrical offset voltage referred to primary | 17 | | -10 | | 10 | $U_{\rm out}$ – $U_{\rm 1ref}$ @ $U_{\rm 1ref}$ = 1.65 V $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C 150 °C |
| Electrical offset voltage referred to primary | U_{OE} | mV · | | ±15 | | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{l ref}} @ U_{\text{l ref}} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = -40 \text{ °C } 25 \text{ °C}$ |
| Electrical offset current referred to primary | I _{OE} | mA | | | | |
| Total output error ¹⁾ | E | 0/. of I | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| Total output error 🦿 | t error $^{1)}$ $\qquad \qquad \qquad E_{\mathrm{total}} \qquad \% \text{ of } I_{\mathrm{P N}} $ | | ±3.5 | | T _A = -40 °C 25 °C | |
| Total output error over lifetime drift | $E_{\mathrm{total_drift}}$ | % | | 2 % | | T _A = 25 °C |

Electrical data GXM ANC 100-40 50010A, (At $T_{\rm A}$ = -40 °C ... 150 °C, $U_{\rm C}$ = 5 V , unless otherwise noted)

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Тур | Max | Comment |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------|------|-------------------------------|-----|--|
| Primary nominal current | I_{PN} | Α | | 40 | | |
| Primary current, measuring range | I_{PM} | Α | -100 | | 100 | |
| Internal reference voltage @ I_P = 0 A | $U_{\mathrm{I}\mathrm{ref}}$ | V | | 2.5 | | |
| Nominal sensitivity | S_{N} | mV/A | | 20 | | |
| Sensitivity error | | % | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| Sensitivity end | $\varepsilon_{\rm S}$ | /0 | | ±3.5 | | T _A = −40 °C 25 °C |
| Sum of sensitivity and linearity error @ T_A = 25 °C | ε _{S L 25} | % of $I_{\rm PN}$ | / | 2 | / | |
| Electrical offset voltage referred to primary | II. | mV | -10 | | 10 | $U_{\rm out}$ – $U_{\rm 1ref}$ @ $U_{\rm 1ref}$ = 2.5 V $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C 150 °C |
| Electrical offset voltage referred to primary | U_{OE} | IIIV | | ±15 | | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{I ref}} @ U_{\text{I ref}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = -40 \text{ °C } 25 \text{ °C}$ |
| Electrical offset current referred to primary | I _{OE} | mA | | | | |
| Total output error 1) | E | 0/. of I | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| Total output error | $E_{ m total}$ % of $I_{ m PN}$ | ±3.5 | | T _A = −40 °C 25 °C | | |
| Total output error over lifetime drift | $E_{\rm total_drift}$ | % | | 2 % | | T _A = 25 °C |





Electrical data GXM ANC 100-40 50030A, (At $T_{\rm A}$ = -40 °C ... 150 °C, $U_{\rm C}$ = 5 V , unless otherwise noted)

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Тур | Max | Comment |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------|------|------|-------------------------------|--|
| Primary nominal current | I_{PN} | Α | | 40 | | |
| Primary current, measuring range | I_{PM} | Α | -100 | | 100 | |
| Internal reference voltage @ I_P = 0 A | $U_{\mathrm{l}\mathrm{ref}}$ | V | | 2.5 | | |
| Nominal sensitivity | S_{N} | mV/A | | 20 | | |
| Sensitivity error | C | % | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| ochalivity choi | $\varepsilon_{\rm s}$ | 70 | | ±3.5 | | T _A = −40 °C 25 °C |
| Sum of sensitivity and linearity error @ $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C | € _{S L 25} | % of $I_{\rm PN}$ | / | 2 | / | |
| Electrical offset voltage referred to primary | 17 | mV | -10 | | 10 | $U_{\rm out}$ – $U_{\rm 1ref}$ @ $U_{\rm 1ref}$ = 2.5 V $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C 150 °C |
| Lieutical offset voltage referred to primary | U_{OE} | IIIV | | ±15 | | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{l ref}} @ U_{\text{l ref}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = -40 \text{ °C } 25 \text{ °C}$ |
| Electrical offset current referred to primary | I _{OE} | mA | | | | |
| Total autout array 1) | E | 0/ of I | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| Total output error 1) | $E_{\rm total}$ | % of I_{PN} | ±3.5 | | T _A = -40 °C 25 °C | |
| Total output error over lifetime drift | $E_{\rm total_drift}$ | % | | 2 % | | T _A = 25 °C |

Electrical data GXM ANC 100-40 51030A, (At $T_{\rm A}$ = -40 °C ... 150 °C, $U_{\rm C}$ = 5 V , unless otherwise noted)

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Тур | Max | Comment |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------|------|------|-------------------------------|---|
| Primary nominal current | I_{PN} | Α | | 40 | | |
| Primary current, measuring range | I_{PM} | А | -100 | | 100 | |
| Internal reference voltage @ I_P = 0 A | $U_{\mathrm{l}\mathrm{ref}}$ | V | | 0.5 | | |
| Nominal sensitivity | S_{N} | mV/A | | 41.2 | | |
| Sancitivity arrar | | % | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| Sensitivity error | $\varepsilon_{\rm s}$ | 70 | | ±3.5 | | T _A = -40 °C 25 °C |
| Sum of sensitivity and linearity error @ $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C | € _{S L 25} | % of $I_{\rm PN}$ | 1 | 2 | / | |
| Electrical offset voltage referred to primary | 17 | | -10 | | 10 | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{I ref}} @ U_{\text{I ref}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = 25 \text{ °C} \dots 150 \text{ °C}$ |
| Electrical offset voltage referred to primary | U_{OE} | mV | | ±15 | | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{I ref}} @ U_{\text{I ref}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = -40 \text{ °C } 25 \text{ °C}$ |
| Electrical offset current referred to primary | Ioe | mA | | | | |
| Total output orrer 1) | E | 0/. of I | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| Total output error 1) | $E_{ m total}$ | % of I_{PN} | ±3.5 | | T _A = -40 °C 25 °C | |
| Total output error over lifetime drift | $E_{\mathrm{total_drift}}$ | % | | 2 % | | T _A = 25 °C |



GXM Series

Electrical data GXM ANC 110-44 30010A, (At $T_{\rm A}$ = -40 °C ... 150 °C, $U_{\rm C}$ = 3.3 V , unless otherwise noted)

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Тур | Max | Comment |
|--|------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|------|-------|--|
| r al allielei | Syllibol | Offic | IVIIII | ıyp | IVIAA | Comment |
| Primary nominal current | I_{PN} | Α | | 44 | | |
| Primary current, measuring range | I_{PM} | Α | -110 | | 110 | |
| Internal reference voltage @ I_P = 0 A | $U_{\mathrm{l ref}}$ | V | | 1.65 | | |
| Nominal sensitivity | S_{N} | mV/A | | 12 | | |
| Sensitivity error | | % | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| Sensitivity end | $\varepsilon_{\rm s}$ | 70 | | ±3.5 | | T _A = −40 °C 25 °C |
| Sum of sensitivity and linearity error @ $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C | € _{S L 25} | % of $I_{\rm PN}$ | 1 | 2 | 1 | |
| Electrical offect voltage referred to primary | I.I. | mV | -10 | | 10 | $U_{\rm out} - U_{\rm 1ref} \ @\ U_{\rm 1ref} = 1.65\ {\rm V}$ $T_{\rm A} = 25\ {\rm ^{\circ}C}\\ 150\ {\rm ^{\circ}C}$ |
| Electrical offset voltage referred to primary | U_{OE} | IIIV | | ±15 | | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{Iref}} @ U_{\text{Iref}} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = -40 \text{ °C} \dots 25 \text{ °C}$ |
| Electrical offset current referred to primary | Ioe | mA | | | | |
| Total autout array 1) | E | 0/ 5. | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| Total output error 1) | $E_{ m total}$ | % of I_{PN} | % OI I _{PN} | ±3.5 | | T _A = -40 °C 25 °C |
| Total output error over lifetime drift | $E_{\rm total_drift}$ | % | | 2 % | | T _A = 25 °C |





Electrical data GXM ANC 150-60 50010A, (At $T_{\rm A}$ = -40 °C ... 150 °C, $U_{\rm C}$ = 5 V , unless otherwise noted)

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Тур | Max | Comment |
|--|------------------------------------|-------------------|------|------|-------------------------------|---|
| Primary nominal current | I_{PN} | Α | | 60 | | |
| Primary current, measuring range | I_{PM} | А | -150 | | 150 | |
| Internal reference voltage @ I_P = 0 A | $U_{\mathrm{I ref}}$ | V | | 2.5 | | |
| Nominal sensitivity | S_{N} | mV/A | | 13.3 | | |
| Sensitivity error | C | % | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| | ε_{S} | 70 | ±3.5 | | T _A = −40 °C 25 °C | |
| Sum of sensitivity and linearity error @ T_A = 25 °C | € _{S L 25} | % of $I_{\rm PN}$ | / | 2 | / | |
| Electrical offset voltage referred to primary | 17 | | -10 | | 10 | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{I ref}} @ U_{\text{I ref}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = 25 \text{ °C} \dots 150 \text{ °C}$ |
| Lieutical offset voltage referred to primary | U_{OE} | mV - | | ±15 | | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{Iref}} @ U_{\text{Iref}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = -40 \text{ °C } 25 \text{ °C}$ |
| Electrical offset current referred to primary | I_{OE} | mA | | | | |
| Total autout array 1) | E | 0/ of 7 | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| Total output error 1) | $E_{ m total}$ $\%$ of $I_{ m PN}$ | | ±3.5 | | T _A = -40 °C 25 °C | |
| Total output error over lifetime drift | $E_{\rm total_drift}$ | % | | 2 % | | T _A = 25 °C |

Electrical data GXM ANC 150-60 50030A, (At $T_{\rm A}$ = -40 °C ... 150 °C, $U_{\rm C}$ = 5 V , unless otherwise noted)

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Тур | Max | Comment |
|--|---|-------------------|------|------|-------------------------------|---|
| Primary nominal current | I_{PN} | Α | | 60 | | |
| Primary current, measuring range | I_{PM} | А | -150 | | 150 | |
| Internal reference voltage @ I_P = 0 A | $U_{\mathrm{l}\mathrm{ref}}$ | V | | 2.5 | | |
| Nominal sensitivity | S_{N} | mV/A | | 13.3 | | |
| Sensitivity error | | % | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| densitivity end | $\varepsilon_{\rm s}$ | 70 | | ±3.5 | | T _A = −40 °C 25 °C |
| Sum of sensitivity and linearity error @ $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C | € _{S L 25} | % of $I_{\rm PN}$ | / | 2 | / | |
| Electrical offset voltage referred to primary | 17 | | -10 | | 10 | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{I ref}} @ U_{\text{I ref}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = 25 \text{ °C} \dots 150 \text{ °C}$ |
| Electrical offset voltage referred to primary | U_{OE} | mV · | | ±15 | | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{Iref}} @ U_{\text{Iref}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = -40 \text{ °C } 25 \text{ °C}$ |
| Electrical offset current referred to primary | I _{OE} | mA | | | | |
| Total autout array 1) | E | 0/ of I | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| Total output error 1) | utput error $^{1)}$ E_{total} $\%$ of $I_{\text{P N}}$ | | ±3.5 | | T _A = −40 °C 25 °C | |
| Total output error over lifetime drift | $E_{\rm total_drift}$ | % | | 2 % | | T _A = 25 °C |



GXM Series

Electrical data GXM ANC 150-60 51030A, (At $T_{\rm A}$ = -40 °C ... 150 °C, $U_{\rm C}$ = 5 V , unless otherwise noted)

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Тур | Max | Comment |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------|------|-------|-----|---|
| Primary nominal current | $I_{\sf PN}$ | Α | | 60 | | |
| Primary current, measuring range | I_{PM} | Α | -150 | | 150 | |
| Internal reference voltage @ I_P = 0 A | $U_{\mathrm{l}\mathrm{ref}}$ | V | | 0.5 | | |
| Nominal sensitivity | S_{N} | mV/A | | 27.47 | | |
| Sensitivity error | | % | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| Sensitivity end | $\varepsilon_{\rm s}$ | 70 | | ±3.5 | | T _A = −40 °C 25 °C |
| Sum of sensitivity and linearity error @ $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C | € _{S L 25} | % of $I_{\rm PN}$ | / | 2 | / | |
| Electrical offeet voltage referred to primary | I.I. | m)/ | -10 | | 10 | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{I ref}} @~U_{\text{I ref}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = 25 \text{ °C} \dots 150 \text{ °C}$ |
| Electrical offset voltage referred to primary | U_{OE} | mV | | ±15 | | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{1 ref}} @ U_{\text{1 ref}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = -40 \text{ °C } 25 \text{ °C}$ |
| Electrical offset current referred to primary | I _{OE} | mA | | | | |
| Total autout array 1) | | 0/ - 5 7 | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| Total output error 1) | $E_{ m total}$ | % of I_{PN} | N | ±3.5 | | T _A = -40 °C 25 °C |
| Total output error over lifetime drift | $E_{\rm total_drift}$ | % | | 2 % | | T _A = 25 °C |





Electrical data GXM ANC 200-80 50010A, (At $T_{\rm A}$ = -40 °C ... 150 °C, $U_{\rm C}$ = 5 V , unless otherwise noted)

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Тур | Max | Comment |
|--|------------------------------|---------------------------------|------|-----|---|--|
| Primary nominal current | I_{PN} | Α | | 80 | | |
| Primary current, measuring range | I_{PM} | Α | -200 | | 200 | |
| Internal reference voltage @ I_P = 0 A | $U_{\mathrm{l}\mathrm{ref}}$ | V | | 2.5 | | |
| Nominal sensitivity | S_{N} | mV/A | | 10 | | |
| Sensitivity error | C | % | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| | ε_{s} | 70 | ±3.5 | | T _A = -40 °C 25 °C | |
| Sum of sensitivity and linearity error @ $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C | € _{S L 25} | % of $I_{\rm PN}$ | 1 | 2 | / | |
| Electrical offset voltage referred to primary | | -10 | | 10 | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{I ref}} @ U_{\text{I ref}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = 25 \text{ °C} \dots 150 \text{ °C}$ | |
| Lieutical offset voltage referred to primary | U_{OE} | mV · | | ±15 | | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{Iref}} @ U_{\text{Iref}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = -40 \text{ °C } 25 \text{ °C}$ |
| Electrical offset current referred to primary | I _{OE} | mA | | | | |
| Total autout array 1) | | 0/ of I | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| Total output error 1) | $E_{ m total}$ | $E_{ m total}$ % of $I_{ m PN}$ | ±3.5 | | T _A = −40 °C 25 °C | |
| Total output error over lifetime drift | $E_{\rm total_drift}$ | % | | 2 % | | T _A = 25 °C |

Electrical data GXM ANC 200-80 50020A, (At $T_{\rm A}$ = -40 °C ... 150 °C, $U_{\rm C}$ = 5 V , unless otherwise noted)

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Тур | Max | Comment |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------|------|------|-------------------------------|--|
| Primary nominal current | I_{PN} | Α | | 80 | | |
| Primary current, measuring range | I_{PM} | А | -200 | | 200 | |
| Internal reference voltage @ I_P = 0 A | $U_{\mathrm{I}\mathrm{ref}}$ | V | | 2.5 | | |
| Nominal sensitivity | S_{N} | mV/A | | 10 | | |
| Sensitivity error | C | % | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| Gensiavity entor | $\varepsilon_{\rm S}$ | 70 | | ±3.5 | | T _A = −40 °C 25 °C |
| Sum of sensitivity and linearity error @ $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C | € _{S L 25} | % of $I_{\rm PN}$ | / | 2 | / | |
| Electrical offset voltage referred to primary | II. | ., | -10 | | 10 | $U_{\rm out}$ – $U_{\rm 1ref}$ @ $U_{\rm 1ref}$ = 2.5 V $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C 150 °C |
| Electrical offset voltage referred to primary | U_{OE} | mV . | | ±15 | | $U_{\text{out}} - U_{\text{l ref}} @ U_{\text{l ref}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ $T_{\text{A}} = -40 \text{ °C } 25 \text{ °C}$ |
| Electrical offset current referred to primary | I _{OE} | mA | | | | |
| Total autout array 1) | E | 0/ of I | -2 | | 2 | T _A = 25 °C 150 °C |
| Total output error 1) | $E_{ m total}$ | % of I_{PN} | ±3.5 | | T _A = -40 °C 25 °C | |
| Total output error over lifetime drift | $E_{\rm total_drift}$ | % | | 2 % | | T _A = 25 °C |





Definition of typical, minimum and maximum values

Minimum and maximum values for specified limiting and safety conditions have to be understood as such as well as values shown in "typical" graphs.

On the other hand, measured values are part of a statistical distribution that can be specified by an interval with upper and lower limits and a probability for measured values to lie within this interval.

Unless otherwise stated (e.g. "100 % tested"), the LEM definition for such intervals designated with "min" and "max" is that the probability for values of samples to lie in this interval is 99.73 %.

For a normal (Gaussian) distribution, this corresponds to an interval between -3 sigma and +3 sigma. If "typical" values are not obviously mean or average values, those values are defined to delimit intervals with a probability of 68.27 %, corresponding to an interval between -sigma and +sigma for a normal distribution.

Typical, maximal and minimal values are determined during the initial characterization of the product.





Overcurrent Detection (OCD)

Overcurrent detection is a feature included in GXM product to detect high peaks of currents happening during operation. When the primary current exceeds the overcurrent threshold, the internal error comparator reverses, driving Open Drain Output to work, and the Fault pin is pulled down. The default OCD threshold for GXM is $100\% I_{PM}$.

Overcurrent Detection is triggered when the primary current (positive or negative current) exceeds the overcurrent threshold set. Fault is cleared when the absolute value of the primary current is less than the current threshold set minus current hysteresis. Tfr is Fault Response time: the time from the primary current meets the overcurrent condition to Fault pin is pulled down. The timing of overcurrent protection is as follows:

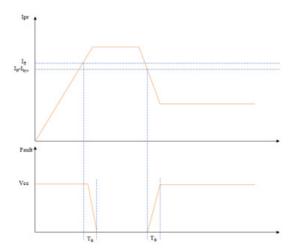


Figure 2: Overcurrent Performance

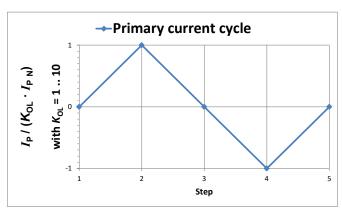
Overcurrent Threshold:

The setting of the overcurrent threshold magnitude is represented by the "trimming code" in the product name. 0-75 %FS;1-100 %FS;2-125 %;3-150 %;(FS, full scale)

The default overcurrent threshold is 1, which means that when the current reaches 100 % of the full scale (FS), overcurrent protection will be activated.



Performance parameters definition



 K_{OI} : Overload factor

Figure 1: Current cycle used to measure electrical offset (transducer supplied)

Electrical offset referred to primary

Using the current cycle shown in figure 1, the electrical offset voltage $U_{\mathrm{O}\,\mathrm{E}}$ is the residual output referred to primary when the input current is zero.

$$U_{\rm O\,E} = \frac{U_{\rm P(3)} + U_{\rm P(5)}}{2}$$

The temperature variation $U_{{\rm O}^{\, {\rm \scriptscriptstyle T}}}$ of the electrical offset voltage $U_{\mathrm{O}\,\mathrm{E}}$ is the variation of the electrical offset from 25 °C to the considered temperature.

$$U_{OT}(T) = U_{OE}(T) - U_{OE}(25 \,^{\circ}\text{C})$$

Delay times

The delay time $t_{\rm D\,10}$ @ 10 % and the delay time $t_{\rm D\,90}$ @ 90 % with respect to the primary are shown in the next figure. Both slightly depend on the primary current di/dt. They are measured at nominal current.

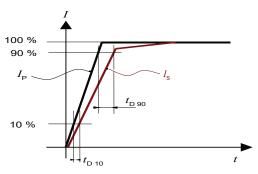


Figure 2: $t_{\rm D~10}$ (delay time @ 10 %) and $t_{\rm D~90}$ (delay time @ 90 %)

Total error referred to primary

The total error $\varepsilon_{\rm tot}$ is the error at $\pm I_{\rm P\,N}$, relative to the rated value $I_{\rm P\,N}.$ It includes all errors mentioned above

- the electrical offset I_{OF}
- the magnetic offset I_{OM}
- the sensitivity error ε_s
- the linearity error ε_I (to I_{P N}).

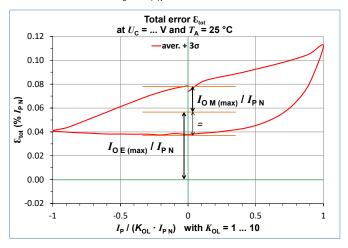
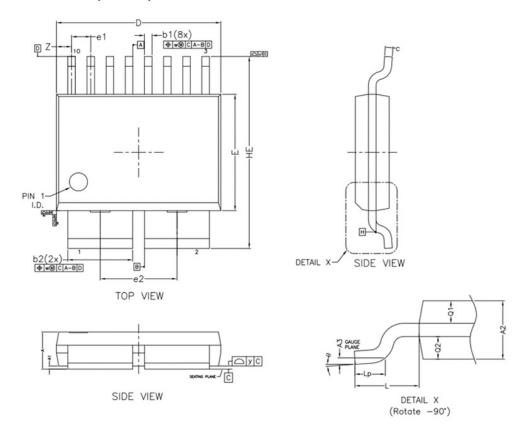


Figure 3: Total error ε_{tot}



Dimensions (in mm)



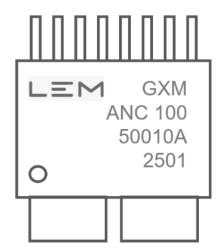
* CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MM

| SYMBOL | MM | | | | | | | |
|--------|-------|----------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| SIMBOL | MIN. | NOM. | MAX. | | | | | |
| Α | | | 2.65 | | | | | |
| A1 | 0.10 | | 0.30 | | | | | |
| A2 | 2.18 | 2.25 | 2.32 | | | | | |
| b1 | 0.45 | | 0.55 | | | | | |
| b2 | 4.25 | | 4.35 | | | | | |
| С | (| 0.508 RE | F. | | | | | |
| D | 10.8 | 10.9 | 11.0 | | | | | |
| Ε | 7.60 | 7.70 | 7.80 | | | | | |
| HE | 12.5 | 12.7 | 12.9 | | | | | |
| Q1 | 0.845 | 0.87 | 0.895 | | | | | |
| Q2 | 0.845 | 0.87 | 0.895 | | | | | |
| e1 | 1 | .27 BSC | | | | | | |
| e2 | | .09 BSC | | | | | | |
| A3 | (| .25 REF | | | | | | |
| L | 2 | 2.50 REF | | | | | | |
| Lp | 0.40 | | 2.00 | | | | | |
| у | | 0.15 | | | | | | |
| u | | 0.10 | | | | | | |
| u1 | 0.20 | | | | | | | |
| w | | 0.15 | | | | | | |
| Z | | 1.005 | | | | | | |
| θ | 0. | | 8. | | | | | |

NOTES:
1.0 COPLANARITY APPLIES TO LEADS,
CORNER LEADS AND DIE ATTACH PAD.
2.0 PLASTIC OR METAL PROTRUSIONS O
0.15MM MAXIMUM PER SIDE ARE NOT
INCLUDED

Product Marks:

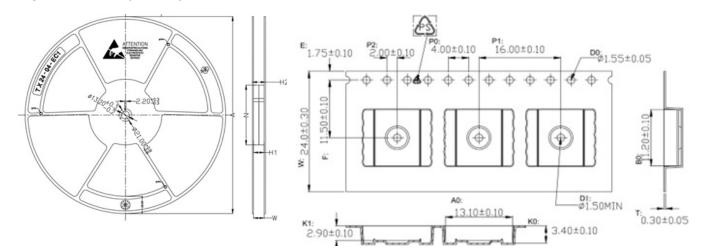
The example of the top mark is as follows (not to scale).

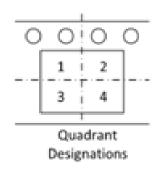


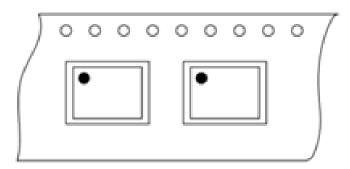
Line 1...3 device part number (The meaning refers to the product naming rules on page 15) Line 4 Product Date code



Tape and Reel (in mm)









Safety



If the device is used in a way that is not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the device may be compromised. Always inspect the electronics unit and connecting cable before using this product and do not use it if damaged.

Mounting assembly shall guarantee the maximum primary conductor temperature, fulfill clearance and creepage distance, minimize electric and magnetic coupling, and unless otherwise specified can be mounted in any orientation.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits SELV according to IEC 61010-1, in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating specifications.

Use caution during installation and use of this product; certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltages and high currents (e.g. power supply, primary conductor).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and or/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose hazardous live parts must be inaccessible after installation.

This transducer must be mounted in a suitable end-enclosure.

Besides make sure to have a distance of minimum 30 mm between the primary terminals of the transducer and other neighboring components.

This transducer is a built-in device, not intended to be cleaned with any product. Nevertheless if the user must implement cleaning or washing process, validation of the cleaning program has to be done by himself.



ESD susceptibility

The product is susceptible to be damaged from an ESD event and the personnel should be grounded when handling it.

Do not dispose of this product as unsorted municipal waste. Contact a qualified recycler for disposal.

Although LEM applies utmost care to facilitate compliance of end products with applicable regulations during LEM product design, use of this part may need additional measures on the application side for compliance with regulations regarding EMC and protection against electric shock. Therefore LEM cannot be held liable for any potential hazards, damages, injuries or loss of life resulting from the use of this product.



Underwriters Laboratory Inc. recognized component





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