

AUTOMOTIVE CURRENT TRANSDUCER FLUXGATE TECHNOLOGY

CAB-SF 500-C



Introduction

The CAB-SF family is the best suited for battery monitoring application where functional safety is required by keeping a high accuracy and very low offset. It offers galvanic insulation between the primary circuit (high voltage) and the secondary circuit (12 V system).

Features

- Certified ASIL B acc. ISO 26262
- Transducer using Fluxgate technology
- Unlimited over-current capability
- Unipolar +12 V battery power supply
- Output signal: High speed CAN (500 kbps)
- Plug&Play with standard CAB family
- Mating connector type: Tyco AMP 1473672-1.

Advantages

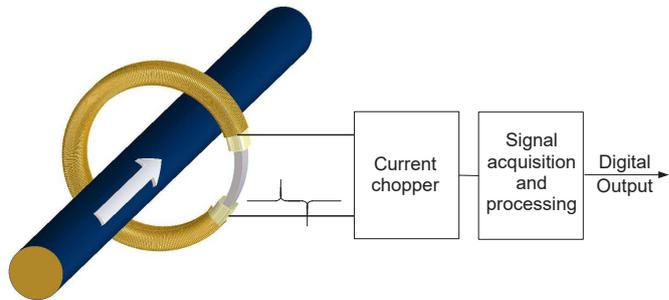
- Offset below 10 mA
- Total error [-40 °C to 85 °C]
0.5 % typical total error at 1-sigma
0.8 % total error at 3-sigma
- Full galvanic separation.

Automotive applications

- Hybrid and electric vehicle battery pack
- Conventional lead-acid batteries
- Accurate current measurement for battery management applications (SOC, SOH, SOF, etc...).

Principle of Fluxgate Transducers

A low-frequency fluxgate transducer is made of a wound core which saturates under low induction. A current chopper switches the winding's current to saturate the magnetic core alternatively at $\pm B$ max with a fixed frequency. Fluxgate transducers use the change of the saturation's point symmetry to measure the primary current. Due to the principle of switching the current, all offsets (electric and magnetic) are cancelled.



Safety



Caution

If the device is used in a way that is not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the device may be compromised. Always inspect the electronics unit and connecting cable before using this product and do not use it if damaged. Mounting assembly shall guarantee the maximum primary conductor temperature, fulfill clearance and creepage distance, minimize electric and magnetic coupling, and unless otherwise specified can be mounted in any orientation.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits SELV according to IEC 61010-1, in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating specifications.

Use caution during installation and use of this product; certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltages and high currents (e.g. power supply, primary conductor). Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and or/cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose hazardous live parts must be inaccessible after installation.

This transducer must be mounted in a suitable end-enclosure.

Besides make sure to have a distance of minimum 30 mm between the primary terminals of the transducer and other neighboring components.

This transducer is a built-in device, not intended to be cleaned with any product. Nevertheless if the user must implement cleaning or washing process, validation of the cleaning program has to be done by himself.



ESD susceptibility

The product is susceptible to be damaged from an ESD event and the personnel should be grounded when handling it.

Do not dispose of this product as unsorted municipal waste. Contact a qualified recycler for disposal.

Although LEM applies utmost care to facilitate compliance of end products with applicable regulations during LEM product design, use of this part may need additional measures on the application side for compliance with regulations regarding EMC and protection against electric shock. Therefore LEM cannot be held liable for any potential hazards, damages, injuries or loss of life resulting from the use of this product.



Underwriters Laboratory Inc. recognized component

UL 508: Ratings and assumptions of certification

File # E189713 Volume: 2 Section: 12

Standards

CSA C22.2 NO. 14-10 INDUSTRIAL CONTROL EQUIPMENT - Edition 13
 UL 508 STANDARD FOR INDUSTRIAL CONTROL EQUIPMENT - Edition 18

Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Value
Primary involved potential		V AC/DC	600
Max surrounding air temperature	T_A	°C	85
Primary current	I_P	A	500
Secondary supply voltage	U_C	V DC	18
Output voltage	U_{out}	V	0 to 5

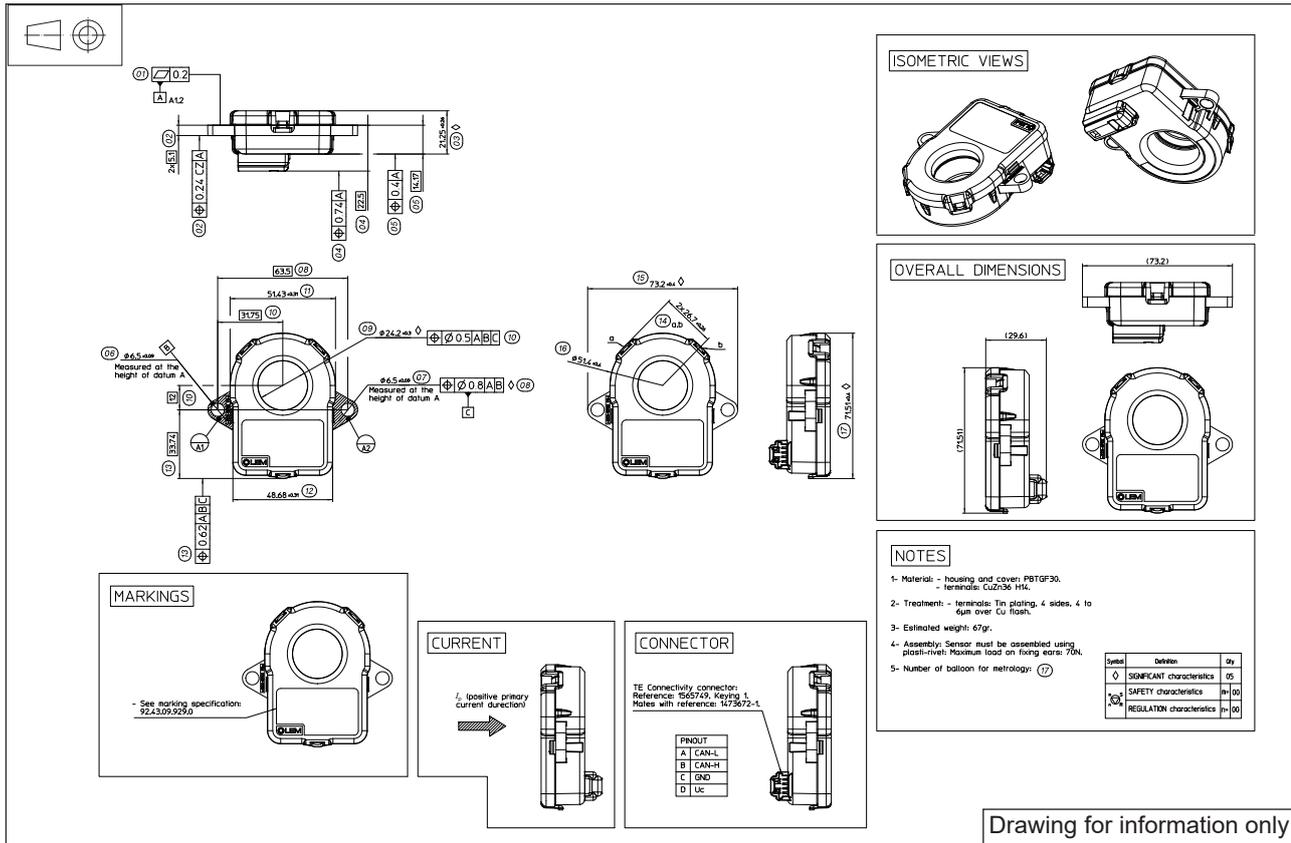
Conditions of acceptability

When installed in the end-use equipment, consideration shall be given to the following:

- 1 - *These products must be mounted in a suitable end-use enclosure.*
- 2 - *The secondary circuit pin terminals have not been evaluated for field wiring.*
- 3 - *Low voltage control circuit shall be supplied by an isolated source of supply.*
- 4 - *These products shall be used in a pollution degree 2 environments or better.*
- 5 - *Primary feeder of the devices shall be connected after an overvoltage device or system which has been evaluated by the Standard for Transient Voltage Surge Suppressors, UL 1449 with a maximum clamping voltage of 6 kV.*

Marking

Only those products bearing the UR Mark should be considered to be Listed or Recognized and covered under UL's Follow-Up Service. Always look for the Mark on the product.



Mechanical characteristics

- Plastic case PBT GF 30
- Mass 67 g

Mounting recommendation

- Connector type Mating with Tyco-AMP P/N: 1 473672-1
- Assembly: Sensor must be assembled using plastic-rivet
- Maximum load on fixing ears: 70 N

Marking

- DESIGNATION CAB-SF 500-C
- DATE CODE
 - P = Production center ID
 - YY = Last two digit of the year
 - DDD = Day number of the year
 - CC = Machine ID
 - HH = Hour
 - MM = Minute
 - SS = Second
 - J = Machine jig ID
- 2D MATRIX 90.D9.50.000.0PYDDCCCHMMSSJ.

- Example



Absolute ratings (not operating)

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Specification	Conditions
Over-voltage	U_C	V	24	1 minute
Reverse polarity	U_C	V	-14	1 minute
Minimum supply voltage	$U_{C\ min}$	V	6	continuous, not measuring
Maximum supply voltage	$U_{C\ max}$	V	18	continuous, not measuring
Ambient storage temperature	$T_{A\ st}$	°C	-40 / +105	
Creepage distance	d_{Cp}	mm	7.2	
Clearance	d_{Cl}	mm	6.95	
RMS voltage for AC insulation test	U_d	kV	2.5	50 Hz, 1 min
Insulation resistance	R_{INS}	MΩ	500	500 V -ISO 16750-2
IP Level			IP42	

Characteristics in nominal range

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Specification			Conditions
			Min	Typical	Max	
Electrical Data						
Supply voltage	U_C	V	8.5	13.5 ¹⁾	16	
Current consumption @ $I_p = 0$ A	I_C	mA		30	40	@ $U_C = 13.5$ V, CAN acknowledge
Current consumption @ $\pm I_p = 500$ A	I_C	mA		150	200	@ $U_C = 13.5$ V, CAN acknowledge
Ambient operating temperature	T_A	°C	-40		85	
Performance Data						
Primary nominal DC or RMS current	I_{PN}	A	-500		500	
Current clamping value		A	-530		530	For I_p between -530 A and minus over current value For I_p between +530 A and plus over current value
Output frequency of CAN signal ²⁾		Hz		100		With Periodic CAN message @ 10 ms
Start-up time	t_{start}	ms		150		
Analog measurement Channel						
Linearity error	ε_L	%		±0.1		At room temperature
Typical total error	ε_{tot}	%		±0.5		See table next page
Output noise		mA		±10		With Periodic CAN message @ 10 ms Peak to peak value. No averaging.
Digital measurement channel ³⁾						
Total error	ε_{tot}	%		±5		

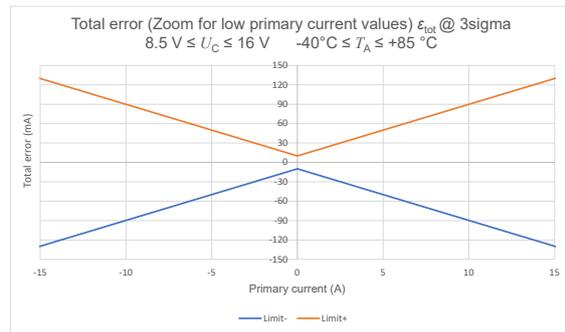
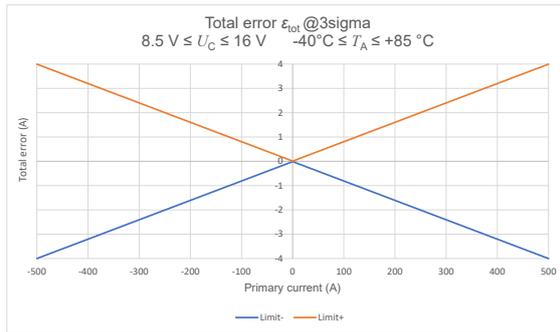
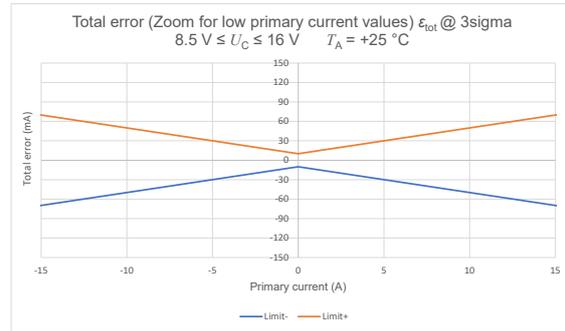
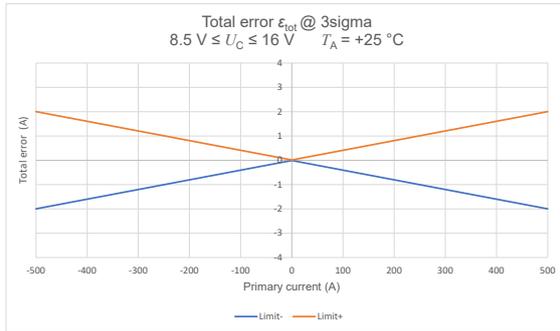
Notes: 1) For the classical 12 V Lead-acid battery system, the mean value of battery voltage becomes to 13.5 V during charging

2) Output frequency depends on the emission period of the frame without digital filter

3) Digital measurement is only for internal safety function.

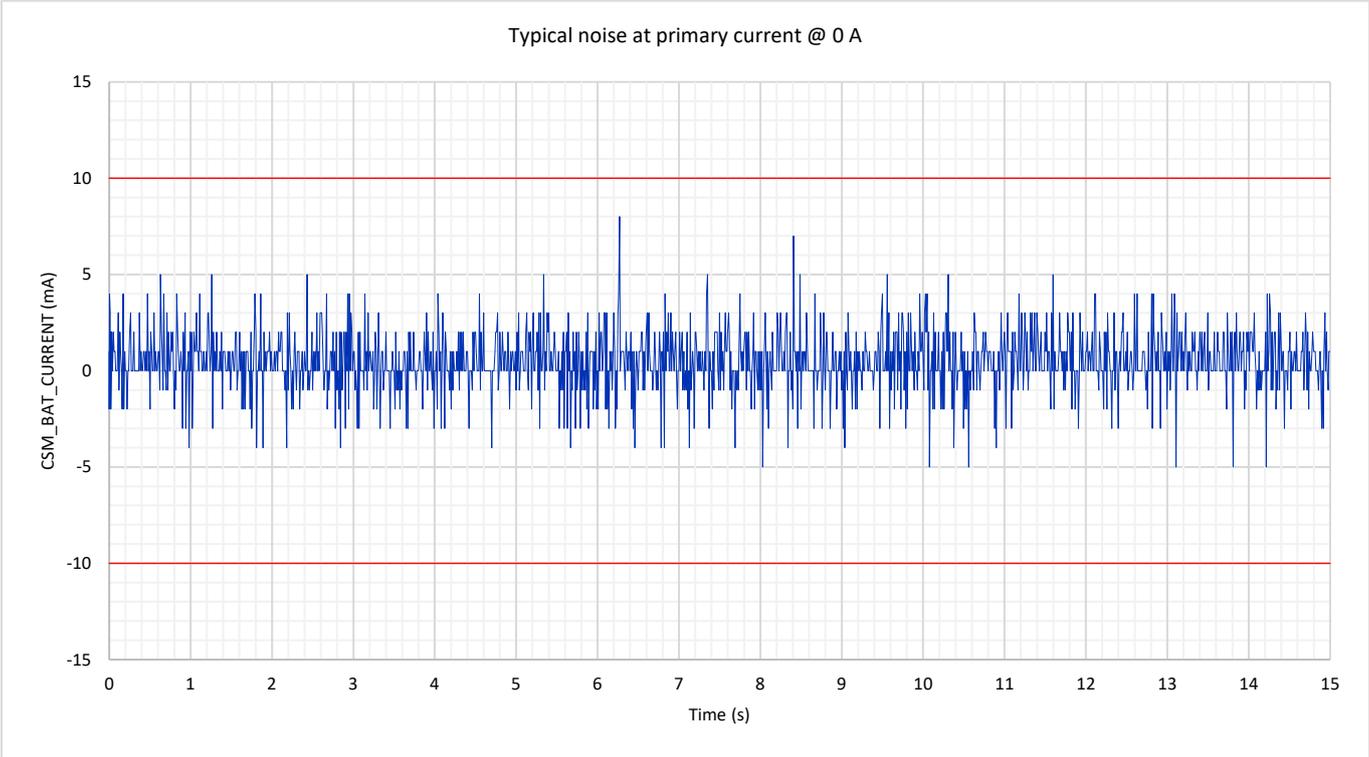
Total Error Graph-Analog Measurement Channel

Performances are considered with average value over 10 CAN frames (100 ms)



I_P (A)	Total error @ 25 °C (A)	Total error @ -40 °C to 85 °C (A)
-500	±2	±4
0	±0.01	±0.01
500	±2	±4

Typical noise shape at primary current = 0 A



CAN output specification

- CAN protocol 2.0B
- Bit order: big endian (Motorola)
- CAN oscillator tolerance: 0.27 %
- No sleep mode capability
- 120 ohm termination resistor to be added externally, internal CAN impedance = 4.8 kohm.

Message Description	CAN ID	Name	Data Length (Nb bytes)	Type of frame	Message launch type	Signal name	Start bit	Length
Return Current I_p (mA)	0x3C2	CAB500_ I_p	8	Standard	Periodic frame Period : 10 ±1 ms	CSM_BAT_CURRENT ¹⁾	24	32
						ERROR_INDICATION ²⁾	32	1
						CSM_FAIL ³⁾	33	7
						ISO_WARNING ⁴⁾	40	1
						SF_COUNTER ⁵⁾	41	7
						SOFT_MAJOR_REV ⁶⁾	48	8
						SOFT_MINOR_REV ⁷⁾	56	8
	0x68D	UDS_CLIENT	8	Standard				
	0x68E	UDS_SERVER	8	Standard				

Notes: CAB-SF 500-C I_p message description

- 1) CSM_BAT_CURRENT
 - I_p Value: 80000000H = 0 mA
7FFFFFFFH = -1 mA
80000001H = 1 mA
 - $0 \leq I_p \leq 530$ A I_p Value follows the primary current value
 - I_p over 530 A until overcurrent detected, I_p value clamped to 530 A
 - Same behavior for negative current.
- 2) ERROR_INDICATION
 - 0 = Normal; 1 = Failure

3) CSM_FAIL

Priority	Failure Mode	Error Information	Filter ⁽¹⁾	Error Indication	I _p value
1	Supply voltage ⁽²⁾	0x46	0.1/0.12	1	0xFFFFFFFF
2	Hardware defect: Reference voltage	0x4B	0.1/0.12	1	0xFFFFFFFF
3	Temperature ⁽³⁾	0x44	0.1/0.12	1	0xFFFFFFFF
4	Hardware defect: DAC Threshold	0x4A	0.1/0.12	1	0xFFFFFFFF
5	Hardware defect: ADC channel	0x47	0.1/0.12	1	0xFFFFFFFF
6	Safety goal violation	0x4C	0.25/0.25	1	I _p Value
7	New Data not available	0x49	NO	1	0xFFFFFFFF
8	Fluxgate under frequency	0x42	0.25/0.3	1	0xFFFFFFFF
9	Overcurrent detection	0x41	0.02/0.02	1	0xFFFFFFFF

(1) x/y : Error should be active for 'x' seconds to set the 'ERROR_INDICATION' and 'CSM_FAIL' signal. 'y' seconds to clear the signal.

Supply Voltage (V)	6.0	7.2	7.6	17.1	17.9	20.0
Error Information	-	0x46	No Error	No Error	0x46	-
CAN Emission status	Disable	Enable	Enable	Enable	Disable	Disable

(3) At sensor start-up, if supply voltage < 7.2 V or > 17.9 V, no CAN frame emission

Temperature °C	-50	130	
Error Information	0x44	No Error	0x44

4) ISO_WARNING

- Indicate that the absolute difference between the analog and digital measurement is below/ higher than **Threshold**
- Filtering: Signal set to be '1' when the difference is above **Threshold** for at least 50ms. The signal reset to be '0' when the difference below **Threshold** for at least 60 ms.
- Threshold:
 - 5 % at [-530 A, -20 A] & [20 A, 530 A]
 - 2 A at]-20 A, 20 A[

5) SF_COUNTER

- 'SF_COUNTER' shows the progression of the filtering on failure mode The 'Safety goal violation' error (CSM_FAIL = 0x4C)
- 'SF_COUNTER' increases if the absolute difference between the analog and digital measurement is higher than threshold; 'SF_COUNTER' decrease if the absolute difference below threshold
- Error 'Safety goal violation' is set when 'SF_COUNTER' reaches 50. The error is reset when 'SF_COUNTER' goes below 25
- Threshold:
 - 20 % at [-530 A, -20 A] & [20 A, 530 A]
 - 5 A at]-20 A, 20 A[

6) SOFT_MAJOR_REV
7) SOFT_MINOR_REV

- Information about the software release

SAFETY GOALS for CAB-SF 500-C

An hazard analysis was performed for the CAB-SF 500-C sensor. A list of hazard events have been identified and an ISO26262 rating has been made for each of them. The highest quotation for which the product meets is ASILB level. The electronic design followed the guidelines and development methods recommended by ISO26262. The constituent elements of the safety case can be consulted on request.

Applicable standards

Test	Standard	Procedure
Environmental test		
Low Temperature Operating Endurance	ISO 16750-4 (04/2010)	120 hrs, -40 °C, power on
High Temperature Operating Endurance	ISO 16750-4 (04/2010)	85 °C, 120 hrs, power on
Powered Thermal Cycle Endurance	ISO16750-4 (04/2010)	-40 °C (20 mins soak) / +85 °C (20 mins soak), slope 4 °C/min, 540 cycles (936 h, 39 days), power supply 13.5 V
Thermal Shock	ISO 16750-4 (04/2010)	-40 °C (20 mins soak) / +85 °C (20 mins soak), 1000 cycles (667 h, 28 days); no power supply
High Temperature and Humidity Endurance	JESD 22-A101 (03/2009)	85 °C, 85 % humidity, 1000 hrs
Random Vibration	ISO 16750-3 (12/2012)	Test IV, -40 °C / +85 °C during 8 hours (Fig.1), RMS acceleration 27.1 m/s ² , 20 h/axis, 3 axis+, power on and output monitoring
Mechanical Shocks	ISO 16750-3 (12/2012)	500 m/s ² , 10 each direction (60 total), Half sine pulse
Free Fall	ISO 16750-3 (12/2012)	2 falls per DUT, 3 axis, total 6 falls, from 1 meter on concrete floor
Water Intrusion	DIN 40050-9 (1993-05)	IPx2, flow 3 (+0.5/0) mm/min, 10 mins, connector downward, parts inclined at 15°
Dust (and other solid intrusion)	DIN 40050-9 (1993-05)	IP4x, The rigid stem, 1 mm diameter, is pressed against the casing of the part with a 1N force Vertical flow chamber, Portland cement, 2 kg/m ³ , 6 s ON/15 min OFF for 20 cycles, parts inclined at 15°
Mixed Flowing Gas	IEC60068-2-60 (12/1996)	Mehod4 in Table1, H2S, NO2, Cl2, SO2, 25 ±1 °C, RH 75 ±3 %, 21 days
Salt Fog	NISSAN M0158 (2009) / M0140 (2014)	NaCl 50 g/L, Cycle: salt spray 4 hrs, dry 2 hrs with 60 °C < 30 % RH, moistening 2 hrs with 50 °C 95 % RH, 110 cycles
EMC test		
Conducted emission- Voltage method	CISPR 25 (03/2008)	150 kHz-108 MHz Class 4 (LW,VHF (68-87 MHz),FM); Class 3 (MW,SW,CB); Class 2 (VF (30-54 MHz))
Conducted emission- Current method	CISPR 25 (03/2008)	150 kHz -245 MHz Class 4 (only for LW, FM); Class 3 (Rest frequency)
Radio frequency radiated Emission electric field	CISPR 25 (04/2016)	Class 5 (FM); Class 4 (LW,VHF (68-87 MHz),GSM, EGSM/GSM 900); Class 2 (VHF (30-54 MHz),VHF (142-175 MHz)) ; Class 3 (Rest frequency)
IMMUNITY TO CURRENT INJECTION (BCI)	ISO 11452-4 (12/2011)	1 MHz to 400 MHz Level 1 100 mA: Class A; Level 2 200 mA: Class C; Level 3 300 mA: Class C
Immunity to Radiated field- Anechoic chamber (ALSE with ground plane)	ISO 11452-2	200 MHz-3.2 GHz; 150 V/m Class A
RESISTANCE TO PULSES 1, 2A,2B (Transient Disturbance conducted along supply line)	ISO-7637-2 (03/2011)	pulse 1, pulse 2a 500 pulses; pulse 2b 10 pulses Class C
Resistance to pulses 3a & 3b (Transient Disturbance conducted along supply line)	ISO-7637-2 (03/2011)	pulse 3a, pulse 3b time duration = 1 hour Class A

Resistance to pulses 4 (Starting profile)	ISO 16750-2 § 4.6.3 (11/2012)	pulse 4 10 pulses Test level I: Class A; Test level II: Class C; Test level III: Class C
Load Dump	ISO 16750-2 § 4.6.4.2.3	$U_A = 14 \text{ V}$, $U_S^* = 29 \text{ V}$, $R_1 < 1 \text{ ohm}$ $t_D = 400 \text{ ms}$ 5 pulses Class C
Transient disturbance conducted along i/o or sensor lines	ISO-7637-3 (07/2007)	Fast pulse a: CCC Fast pulse b: CCC Slow pulse +: DCC Slow pulse -: DCC level IV Class A
RESISTANCE TO ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGES, EQUIPMENT NOT CONNECTED(handling)	ISO 10605 IEC 61000-4-2 (2008)	$U_{N\text{-powered}} \pm 2 \text{ kV} \pm 4 \text{ kV}$ air: $\pm 8 \text{ kV} \pm 15 \text{ kV}$
ESD Operating	ISO 10605 IEC 61000-4-2 (2008)	Powered indirect contact discharge: $\pm 4 \text{ kV}$ air: $\pm 8 \text{ kV}$

Electrical test

Direct current supply voltage	ISO 16750-2 § 4.2 (11/2012)	Code B
Overvoltage	ISO 16750-2 § 4.3.1 (11/2012)	18 V, 1 h, @ 65 °C ; 24 V, 1 min, @ 25 °C
Superimposed Alternating Voltage	ISO 16750-2 § 4.4 (11/2012)	-severity 2: $U_{pp} = 4 \text{ V}$ -severity 4: $U_{pp} = 2 \text{ V}$
Resistance to slow decrease and increase of supply voltage	ISO 16750-2 § 4.5 (11/2012)	$U_{min} = 8 \text{ V}$, 0.5 V/min, Run DUT 10 mins
Momentary drop in supply voltage	ISO 16750-2 § 4.6.1 (11/2012)	Room temperature, $U_{S \text{ min}}$ to 4.5 V
Re-initialization test (Reset behaviour at voltage drop)	ISO 16750-2 § 4.6.2 (11/2012)	$U_{S \text{ min}} = 8 \text{ V}$
Reverse voltage	ISO 16750-2 § 4.7 (11/2012)	Case 2
Ground reference and supply voltage	ISO 16750-2 § 4.8 (11/2012)	Offset voltage = $1.0 \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$
Open Circuit	ISO 16750-2 § 4.9 (11/2012)	Single line / Multiple line interruption
Short circuit protection	ISO 16750-2 § 4.10.2 (11/2012)	Signal circuits, $U_{S \text{ max}} = 16 \text{ V}$ and GND, duration 60 s
RESISTANCE TO SHORT INTERRUPTION OF THE POWER SUPPLY	PSA B217110 E § 7.1.13 no reference	$U_S = 14 \text{ V}$, $t_D = 2 \mu\text{s}, 1 \text{ ms}, 5 \text{ ms}$
resistance to "volt control" voltage pulse	PSA B217110 E § 7.1.16 no reference	$U_1 = 15.2 \text{ V}$; $U_2 = 18.0 \text{ V}$; $t_r = 1 \text{ ms}$; $t_f = 300 \text{ ms}$ 5 pulse with an interval of 1 min
resistance to supply voltage in the usual "volt control" range	PSA B217110 E § 7.1.2 no reference	$U_{min} = 10.5 \text{ V}$; $U_{max} = 16 \text{ V}$; $t_D = 5 \text{ s}$; $R_f = 10 \text{ V/s}$ 5 pulse with an interval of 1 min

Installation influence

Overview

The CAB 500-C family uses a very accurate and sensitive technology and offers the customers the current measurement needed to the application.

In order to respect this accuracy, some conditions must be respected during the design of the environment of the sensor:

- Primary busbar centering
- Busbar shape
- Contactors



The busbar dimension for test:
20 mm (W) x 3 mm (H)
Environment: room temperature.



Due to the complexity of practical application, the examples cannot cover all the application conditions.



It can be reference during BDU design, but the performance validation of BDU is necessary.



The sensor has different performance on different angles. For details or any further questions, please contact LEM Technical Customer Support.

Current ripple influence

The CAB-SF 500-C might be disturbed by current ripples produced by inverters and electric machines. When the frequency of the current ripples gets close to the fluxgate coil's frequency, then the coil's frequency might get locked to the ripple current frequency. The CAB-SF 500-C will detect it as ISO error flags.

If such situation happens systematically during your testings linked to inverter/electric machines, please contact your LEM window for further technical support.

Return busbar type definition

Explanation: **Recommended** / **Case of accuracy close to the limit** / **Not recommended**

S-shape busbar recommendation						
		a(mm)				
		10	A	B	C	D
		>10	A	B	C	D
L-shape busbar recommendation						
		a(mm)				
		10	A	B	C	D
		>10	A	B	C	D
		a(mm)				
		10	A	B	C	D
		>10	A	B	C	D

U1-shape busbar recommendation

		a(mm)					
		10		20		30	
40		A	B	A	B	A	B
		C	D	C	D	C	D
50		A	B	A	B	A	B
		C	D	C	D	C	D
60		A	B	A	B	A	B
		C	D	C	D	C	D

U2-shape busbar recommendation

		a(mm)					
		10		20		30	
40		A	B	A	B	A	B
		C	D	C	D	C	D
50		A	B	A	B	A	B
		C	D	C	D	C	D

		a(mm)							
		10		20		30		40	
50		A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
		C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D

U3-shape busbar recommendation

		a(mm)									
		20		30		40		50		60	
70		A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
		C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D
80		A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
		C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D
90		A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
		C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D
100		A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
		C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D

		a(mm)									
		20		30		40		50		60	
70		A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
		C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D
80		A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
		C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D
90		A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
		C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D
100		A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
		C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D

U4-shape busbar recommendation

		a(mm)							
		20		30		40		50	
70		A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
		C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D
80		A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
		C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D
90		A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
		C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D
100		A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
		C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D

		a(mm)							
		20		30		40		50	
70		A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
		C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D
80		A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
		C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D
90		A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
		C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D
100		A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
		C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D

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