

Voltage Transducer CV 3-200

For the electronic measurement of voltages: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.



Electrical data

U _{PN}	Primary nominal RMS voltage	140	V
U_{PM}	Primary voltage, measuring range	0 ±200	V
$U_{\rm S}$	Secondary voltage @ $U_{P \max}$	10	V
$N_{\rm P}/N_{\rm S}$	Turns ratio	200 V : 10	V
$R_{\rm L}$	Load resistance	≥ 1	kΩ
$C_{\rm L}$	Load capacitance	≤ 5	nF
U_{C}	Supply voltage (±5 %)	±15	V
$I_{\rm C}$	Current consumption	32 + $U_{\rm s}$ / $R_{\rm L}$	mA

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

			Max	
$\varepsilon_{\rm tot}$	Total error @ U_{PN} ,	T _A = 25 °C	±0.2	%
		−40 +85 °C	±0.6	%
U_{O}	Offset voltage @ $U_{\rm P}$ = 0	, T _A = 25 °C	±5	mV
		−40 +85 °C	±13	mV
t _{D 90}	Delay time to 90 % of the	final output value for $U_{\rm PN}$ step	¹⁾ 0.3	μs
BW	Frequency bandwidth (-	·1 dB) @ U _{PN}	DC 300	kHz
G	eneral data			
T_{A}	Ambient operating temp	erature	-40 +85	°C
$T_{\rm Ast}$	Ambient storage temper	ature	-45 +90	°C
P_{P}	Total primary power loss	6	3.1	W
R _P	Resistance of primary (w	vinding)	6.4	kΩ
m	Mass		560	g
	Standards		EN 50155: 2007 2)	
			EN 50121-3-2	2: 2015

<u>Notes</u>: ¹⁾ For a dv/dt = 200 V/µs

²⁾ Deviation of the offset during the test IEC 61000-4-3 between 100 to 200 MHz.

$U_{\rm PN}$ = 140 V



Features

- Closed loop (compensated) voltage transducer using the Hall effect
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized delay time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- High immunity to external interference
- Low disturbance in common mode.

Applications

- Single or three phase inverters
- Propulsion and braking choppers
- Propulsion converters
- Auxiliary converters
- Battery chargers.

Application Domain

• Railway (fixed installations and onboard).



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Insulation coordination						
$\begin{array}{c} U_{\rm d} \\ U_{\rm t} \end{array}$	RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min Partial discharge RMS test voltage ($q_{\rm m}$ < 10 pC)	6 2 Min	kV kV			
d _{Cp} d _{CI} CTI	Creepage distance Clearance Comparative tracking index (group I)	83.8 76.4 600	mm mm			

Safety

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (e.g. primary connections, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

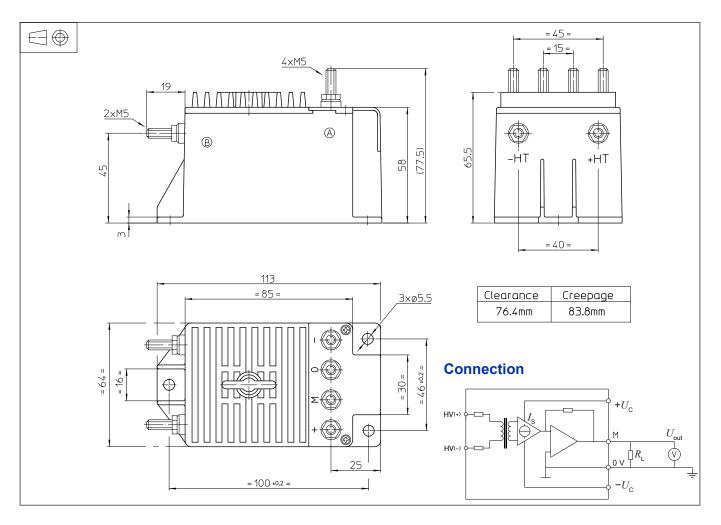
This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



Dimensions CV 3-200 (in mm)



Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance •
- Transducer fastening •
- ±0.3 mm 3 holes Ø 5.5 mm
- Recommended fastening torque
- Connection of primary •
- Connection of secondary • Recommended fastening torque 2.2 N·m
- steel screws M5
- 3.8 N∙m
- 2 threaded studs M5
 - 4 threaded studs M5

Remarks

- $U_{\rm S}$ is positive when $U_{\rm P}$ is applied on terminal +HV.
- EMC tested with a shielded secondary cable, shield connected to 0 V at both ends, or disconnected.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules.Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site:
 - https://www.lem.com/en/file/3137/download
- This is a standard model. For different versions (supply voltages, turns ratios, unidirectional measurements...), please contact us.