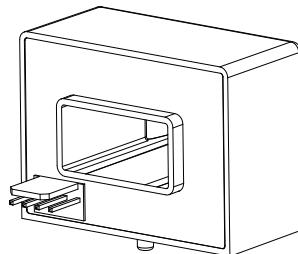


# Current Transducer HAS 500-S/SP56

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.



$I_{PN} = 500 \text{ A}$



## Electrical data

$I_{PN}$	Primary nominal RMS current	500	A
$I_{PM}$	Primary current, measuring range	0 ... $\pm 1100$	A
$U_C$	Supply voltage ( $\pm 5\%$ ) <sup>1)</sup>	$\pm 15$	V
$I_C$	Current consumption	$\pm 15$	mA
$R_{INS}$	Insulation resistance @ 500 V DC	> 1000	M $\Omega$
$U_{out}$	Output voltage (Analog) @ $\pm I_{PN}$ , $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\pm 4$	V
$R_{out}$	Output internal resistance approx	100	$\Omega$
$R_L$	Load resistance <sup>2)</sup>	> 1	k $\Omega$

## Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

$\varepsilon_{tot}$	Total error @ $I_{PN}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (excluding offset)	< $\pm 1.5$	% of $I_{PN}$
$\varepsilon_L$	Linearity error <sup>3)</sup> (0 ... $\pm I_{PN}$ )	< $\pm 1$	% of $I_{PN}$
$U_{OE}$	Electrical offset voltage, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	< $\pm 20$	mV
$U_{OM}$	Magnetic offset voltage @ $I_P = 0$ , after an excursion of $1 \times I_{PN}$	< $\pm 20$	mV
$TCU_{OE}$	Temperature coefficient of $U_{OE}$	-10 °C ... +85 °C +85 °C ... +105 °C	mV/K mV/K
$TCU_{out}$	Temperature coefficient of $U_{out}$ (% of reading)	< $\pm 0.1$	/%/K
$t_{D90}$	Delay time <sup>4)</sup> to 90 % of $I_{PN}$	< 3	$\mu\text{s}$
$BW$	Frequency bandwidth (-3 dB) <sup>5)</sup>	DC ... 50	kHz

## General data

$T_A$	Ambient operating temperature	-10 ... +105 <sup>6)</sup>	°C
$T_S$	Ambient storage temperature	-25 ... +105	°C
$m$	Mass	60	g
	Standards	UL 508:2010	
	EMC	IEC 61000-6-2:2016	
	Safety	IEC 61800-3:2017 <sup>7)</sup>	
	Environmental	IEC 61010-1:2010	
		IEC 61477-1:2012	
		IEC 61800-2:2012	

Notes: <sup>1)</sup> Operating at  $\pm 12 \text{ V} \leq U_C < \pm 15 \text{ V}$  will reduce the measuring range

<sup>2)</sup> If the customer uses 1 k $\Omega$  of the load resistor, the primary current has to be limited as the nominal. To measure the full defined measuring range, the load resistor should be at minimum 10 k $\Omega$

<sup>3)</sup> Linearity data exclude the electrical offset

<sup>4)</sup> For a  $dI/dt = 50 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$

<sup>5)</sup> Under small signals condition

<sup>6)</sup> UL conform at 80 °C

<sup>7)</sup> Regarding compliance towards IEC 61000-4-3 (IEC 61800-3:2017): variation of the offset between 390 MHz and 400 MHz with a field intensity of 10 [V/m].

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Insulation coordination			
$U_d$	RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	3.6	kV
$U_{Ni}$	Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 $\mu$ s	> 6.6	kV
		Min	
$d_{Cp}$	Creepage distance	7.08	mm
$d_{Cl}$	Clearance	6.23	mm
CTI	Comparative tracking index (group IIIa)	275	

## Applications examples

According to IEC 61010-1 standard and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

IEC 61010-1	
$d_{Cp}, d_{Cl}, U_{Ni}$	Nominal voltage
Basic insulation	600 V
Reinforced insulation	300 V

## Safety

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



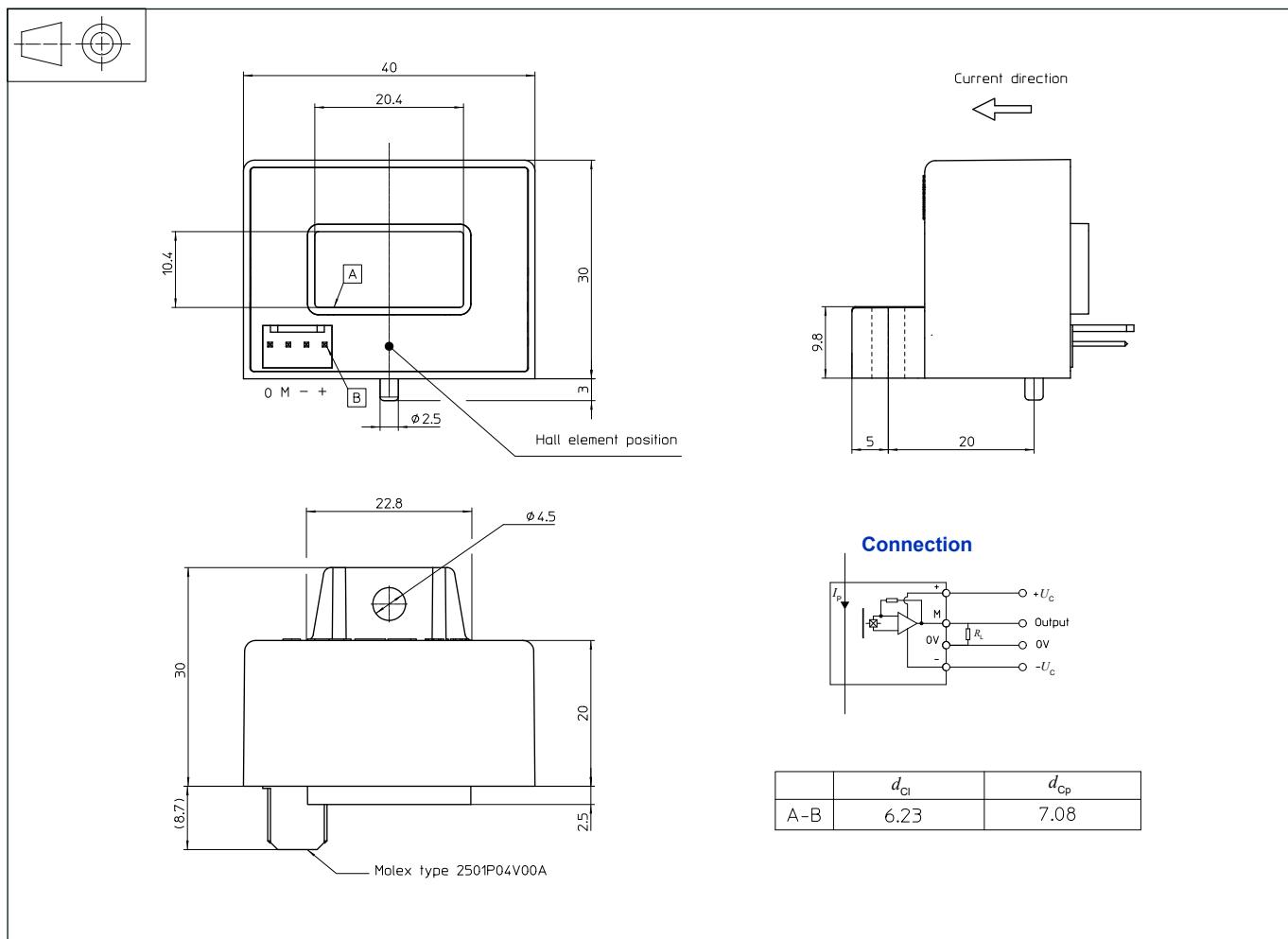
Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (e.g. primary busbar, power supply). Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation. A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

## Dimensions HAS 500-S/SP56 (in mm)



## Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance  $\pm 0.5$  mm
- Transducer fastening 1 hole  $\varnothing 4.5$  mm
- 1 M4 steel screw
- Recommended fastening torque  $0.75$  N·m ( $\pm 10\%$ )
- Connection of secondary Molex type 2501P04V00A<sup>1)</sup>

Note: <sup>1)</sup> Recommended mating connector : Molex 511910400 (housing) and 508029101 (contact).

## Remarks

- $U_{out}$  is positive when  $I_p$  flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed  $100$  °C.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: <https://www.lem.com/en/file/3137/download/>.
- Dynamic performances ( $di/dt$  and delay time) are best with a single bar completely filling the primary hole.