

# Current Transducer HTB 50 ... 400-P series and HTB 50 ... 100-TP series

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.



### Electrical data

Primary	( nominal	Primary current	Туре			
Primary nominal RMS current		measuring range	Type			
	, (A)	I <sub>PM</sub> (A)				
	•					
±50		±150		50-P, HTB 50-		
±100		±300		<b>3 100-P, HTB 100-TP</b> <sup>1)</sup>		
±150		±450		3 150-P		
±200		±500		200-P		
±300		±600		300-P		
±4		±600		400-P		
$U_{\text{out}}$		tage (Analog) @ $\pm I_{PN}$ , $R_{L} =$	$10 \text{ k}\Omega, I_{A} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$		V	
R <sub>out</sub>		ernal resistance		100	Ω	
R <sub>INS</sub>		resistance @ 500 V DC		> 500	MΩ	
$R_{\rm L}$	Load resi			> 10	kΩ	
U <sub>c</sub>		oltage (±5 %) <sup>2)</sup>		±12 15	V	
I <sub>c</sub>	Current c	onsumption		15	mA	
Ac	curacy -	Dynamic performan	ice data			
Е	Error @ I	$T_{PN}$ , $T_{A} = 25 \text{ °C}$ (excluding of	offset)	< ±1	%	
$\mathcal{E}_{L}$		error $(0 \dots \pm I_{PN})$		< ±1	%	
Ū <sub>oe</sub>		offset voltage @ $T_A = 25$ °	°C	< ±30	mV	
U <sub>O M</sub>		offset voltage @ $I_{\rm p}$ = 0,				
0	after an e	xcursion of $1 \times I_{PN}$		±40	mV	
				or ±1	%	
$TCU_{OE}$	Temperat	ure coefficient of $U_{\text{OE}}$ HTE	3 50-P or TP	< <u>+2</u>	mV/K	
HTB100-P/TPtbHTB400-P< ±1				0-P< ±1	mV/K	
$TCU_{out}$	Temperat	ure coefficient of $U_{\rm out}$ (% c	of reading)	< ±0.1	%/K	
t <sub>D 90</sub>	Delay tim	e to 90 % of the final out	out value for I <sub>PN</sub> st	ep< 3	μs	
BW	Frequenc	y bandwidth (−3 dB) ₃		DC 50	kHz	
Ge	neral dat	ta				
$T_{A}$	Ambient of	operating temperature		-40 +80	°C	
T <sub>A st</sub>		storage temperature		-40 +85	°C	
Ast M	Mass	5 1		< 30 for -P	g	
				< 36 for -TP	5	
	Standard EN 50178: 1997					
		Ø 2 mm are available on t	ransducer for P0			

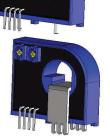
Notes: 1) TP version is equipped with a primary busbar

 $^{2)}$  Operating at ±12 V ≤  $U_{\rm C}$  < ±15 V will reduce the measuring range

<sup>3)</sup> Derating is needed to avoid excessive core heating at high frequency.

 $N^{\circ} \ 74.04.25.000.0; \ N^{\circ} \ 74.64.25.000.0; \ N^{\circ} \ 74.04.34.000.0; \ N^{\circ} \ 74.64.25.000.0; \ N^{\circ} \ 74.04.39.000.0; \ N^{\circ} \ 74.04.44.000.0; \ N^{\circ} \ 74.04.46.000.0; \ N^{\circ} \ 74.04.48.000.0; \ N^{\circ} \ 74.04.04.0; \ N^{\circ} \ 74.04.04.0; \ N^{\circ} \ 74.04.04.0; \ N^{\circ} \ 74.04.0; \ N^{\circ}$ 





### **Features**

- Hall effect measuring principle
- Galvanic separation between primary and secondary circuit
- Insulation voltage 2500 V
- Low power consumption
- Wide power supply ±12 ... 15 V
- Primary busbar option for 50 A and 100 A version for ease of conection
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

### **Advantages**

- Small size and space saving
- Only one design for wide current rating range
- High immunity to external interference.

### Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

### Application domain

• Industrial.



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Insulation coordination						
$U_{d}$	RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	2.5	kV			
$U_{t}$	Partial discharge RMS test voltage ( $q_m$ < 10 pC)	> 500	V			
$\dot{U_{\rm Ni}}$	Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 µs	4	kV			
	Creepage distance	> 4.5	mm			
$d_{ m Cp}^{}$ $d_{ m Cl}^{}$	Clearance	> 4.5	mm			
CTI	Comparative Tracking Index (group IIIa)	275				

### **Applications examples**

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
$d_{\rm Cp}$ , $d_{\rm Cl}$ , $U_{\rm Ni}$	Rated insulation voltage	Nominal voltage
Basic insulation	300 V	300 V
Reinforced insulation	150 V	150 V

### Safety

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



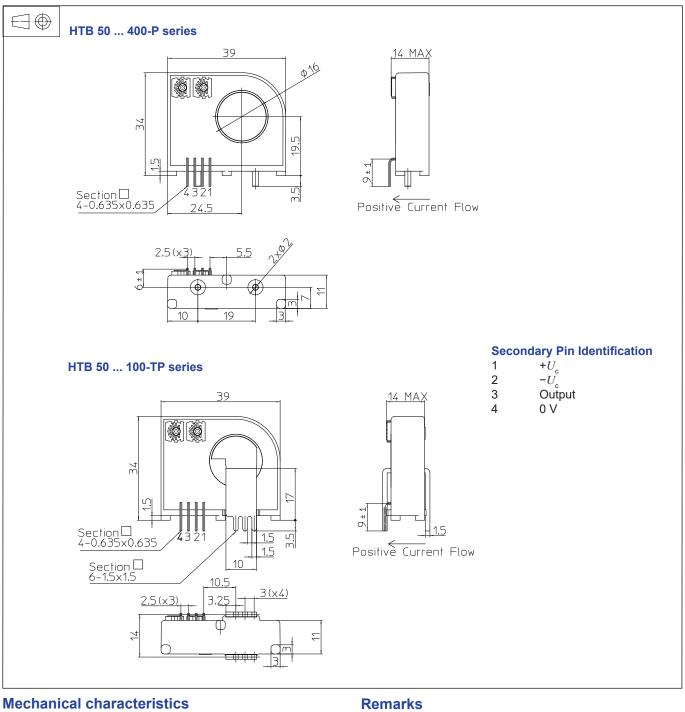
Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply). Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation. A protective housing or additional shield could be used. Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



### Dimensions HTB 50 ... 400-P series and HTB 50 ... 100-TP series (in mm)



- General tolerance •
- Primary through-hole •
- Connection of secondary

±0.5 mm Ø 16 mm

- 4 pins
- 0.635 mm × 0.635 mm

- $I_{\rm s}$  is positive when  $I_{\rm p}$  flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed • 100 °C.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless • otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: https://www.lem.com/en/file/3137/download
- Dynamic performances (d*i*/d*t* and delay time) are best • with a single bar completely filling the primary hole.

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