

Current Transducer HXS 10-NP/SP3

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.



All data are given with $R_1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$

Electrical data

I_{PN}	Primary nominal RMS current			Paralle	I
				±20	Α
I_{PM}	Primary current, measuring range		Serial	Paralle	I
			±30	±60	Α
S_{N}	Nominal sensitivity				V/I_{PN}
U_{out}	Output voltage (Analog) @ I_P		$U_{\rm OE} \pm (0.625 \cdot I_{\rm P}/I_{\rm PN}) V$		
$U_{ m ref}$	Reference voltage 1)	Output voltage	2.5 ±0	.025	V
		Output impedance	typ. 20	00	Ω
		Load impedance	200		kΩ
R_{L}	Load resistance		2		kΩ
$R_{\rm out}$	Output internal resistance		< 5		Ω
C_{L}	Load capacitance (±20 %)		4.7		nF
U_{C}	Supply voltage (±5 %) 2)		5		V
I_{C}	Current consumption @ $U_{\rm C}$ = 5 V		19		mΑ

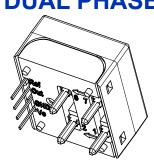
Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

ε	Error $^{3)}$ @ I_{PN} , T_{A} = 25 °C	±1	%
ε_{L}	Linearity error $0 \dots I_{PN}$	±0.5	%
	0 3 × I _{P N}	±1	%
TCU_{OE}	Temperature of coefficient of U_{OE} (+25 85 °C)	±0.4	mV/K
	(-40 +25 °C)	±0.525	mV/K
TCU_{ref}	Temperature of coefficient of U_{ref} (+25 85 °C)	±0.01	%/K
	(-40 +25 °C)	±0.015	mV/K
TCU_{OE}/U_{I}	Temperature coefficient of U_{OE}/U_{ref}	±0.15	mV/K
TCS	Temperature of coefficient of S	±0.05% of rea	ading/K
U_{OF}	Electrical offset voltage @ I_p = 0, T_A = 25 °C	$U_{\rm ref}$ ±0.0125	V
U_{OM}	Magnetic offset voltage @ $I_p = 0$		
	after an overload of $3 \times I_P$	±0.7	%
t _{D 10}	Delay time to 10 % of the final output value for I_{PN} step	< 3	μs
t _{D 90}	Delay time to 90 % of the final output value for I_{PN} step	⁴⁾ < 5	μs
U_{no}	Output voltage noise (DC 10 kHz)	< 20	mVpp
	(DC 1 MHz)	< 40	mVpp
BW	Frequency bandwidth (-3 dB) 5)	DC 50	kHz

Notes: 1) It is possible to overdrive U_{ref} with an external reference voltage between 1.5 - 2.8 V providing its ability to sink or source approx. 5 mA

- ²⁾ Maximum supply voltage (not operating) < 6.5 V
- 3) Excluding offset and magnetic offset voltage
- 4) For a $di/dt = 50 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s}$
- ⁵⁾ Small signal only to avoid excessive heatings of the magnetic core.

I_{PN} = 10, 20 A DUAL PHASE



Features

- · Hall effect measuring principle
- Multirange current transducer through PCB pattern lay-out
- Galvanic separation between primary and secondary circuit
- Insulation test voltage 3500 V
- Extremely low profile < 11 mm
- · Fixed offset & sensitivity
- Low power consumption
- Single power supply +5 V
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Special feature

 Two separate primary windings for dual phase measurement.

Advantages

- Small size and space saving
- Only one design for wide current ratings range
- High immunity to external interference
- U_{ref} IN/OUT.

Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

Application domain

• Industrial.



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General data					
T_{A} T_{Ast} m	Ambient operating temperature Ambient storage temperature Mass Standards	-40 +85 -40 +85 10 EN 50178: 19	°C °C g 97		
Insulation coordination					
U_{d}	RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min Primary to secondary Primary 1 to primary 2	3.5 2.5 Min	kV kV		
d_{Cp}	Creepage distance	7.48 6.6	mm		

Applications examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

> 600

Comparative tracking index (group I)

- · Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

CTI

According to UL 508 standards and following conditions: Maximum voltage 600 V

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
d_{Cp} , d_{CI} , U_{Ni}	Rated insulation voltage	Nominal voltage
Basic insulation	600 V	600 V
Reinforced insulation	300 V	150 V

Safety

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



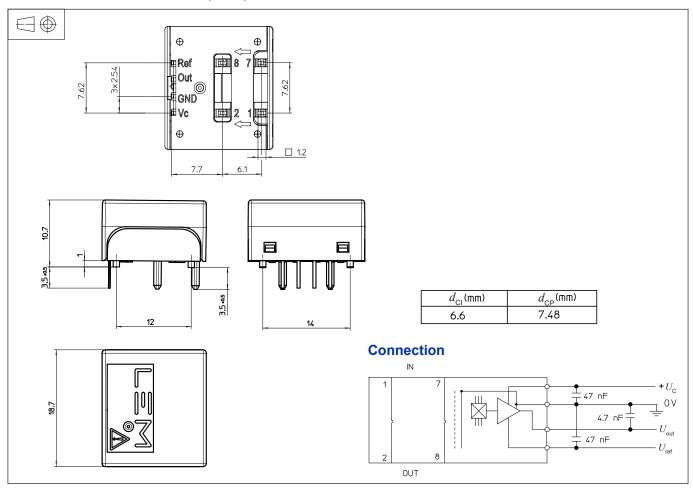
Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply). Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation. A protective housing or additional shield could be used. Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



Dimensions HXS 10-NP/SP3 (in mm)



Primary connections	Primary RMS current		Primary	Primary	Recommended		
	nominal I _{P N} [A]	maximum $I_{\mathrm{PN}}\left[\mathrm{A} ight]$	resistance $R_{\mathbf{p}}$ [m Ω]	insertion inductance $L_{ m p}$ [$\mu { m H}$]	PCB connections		
Serial	10	30	0.2	0.1	IN 1 7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		
Parallel	20	60	0.05	0.025	IN 1 7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		

Mechanical characteristics

General tolerance

 Transducer fastening & connection of primary jumper

 Transducer fastening & connection of secondary pin ±0.2 mm

4 pins × 1.2 mm (corner R 0.4 mm)

4 pins 0.5 × 0.25 mm

Remarks

- $U_{\rm out}$ is positive when $I_{\rm P}$ flows from terminals 1,7 (IN) to terminals 2,8 (OUT).
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100 °C.
- IInstallation of the transducer must be done, unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: https://www.lem.com/en/file/3137/download

Recommended PCB hole

Primary PCB hole

Secondary PCB hole

Ø 1.5 mm Ø 0.7 mm