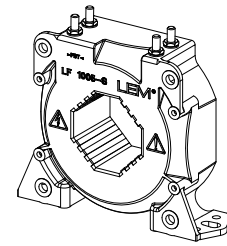


Current Transducer LF 1005-S/SP14

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.



$I_{PN} = 1000 \text{ A}$



Electrical data

I_{PN}	Primary nominal RMS current	1000	A
I_{PM}	Primary current, measuring range	0 ... ± 1500	A
R_M	Measuring resistance with $\pm 24 \text{ V}$	$R_{M \min}$	$R_{M \max}$
		@ $\pm 1000 \text{ A}_{\max}$	3 50
	@ $\pm 1500 \text{ A}_{\max}$	3 15	Ω
I_{SN}	Secondary nominal RMS current	200	mA
N_P/N_S	Turns ratio	1 : 5000	
U_C	Supply voltage ($\pm 5 \%$)	± 24	V
I_C	Current consumption	$28 + I_S$	mA

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

ϵ_{tot}	Total error @ $I_{PN}, T_A = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	± 0.5	%
ϵ_L	Linearity error	< 0.1	%
I_O	Offset current @ $I_P = 0, T_A = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	Typ	Max
			± 0.4
I_{OT}	Temperature variation of I_O $-40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} \dots +85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	± 0.3	± 0.8
t_{D90}	Delay time to 90 % of the final output value for $I_{PN} \text{ step}^1 < 1$		μs
BW	Frequency bandwidth (-1 dB)	DC ... 150	kHz

General data

T_A	Ambient operating temperature	$-40 \dots +85$	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{A \text{st}}$	Ambient storage temperature	$-45 \dots +100$	$^\circ\text{C}$
R_S	Resistance of secondary winding @ $T_A = 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	55	Ω
m	Mass	500	g
	Standards	EN 50155: 2017 ²⁾ UL 508: 2010 EN 50121-3-2: 2016	

Notes: ¹⁾ For a $di/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
²⁾ Additional information available on request.

Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using the Hall effect
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Special features

- $U_C = \pm 24 (\pm 5 \%) \text{ V}$
- $U_d = 6 \text{ kV}$
- $T_A = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} \dots +85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- Shield between primary and secondary
- Connection to secondary circuit on M4 threaded studs
- Railway equipment.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- Current overload capability.

Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

Application domain

- Railway (fixed installations and onboard).

Current Transducer LF 1005-S/SP14

Insulation coordination

U_d	RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	6 ¹⁾²⁾	kV
		1 ³⁾	kV
		Min	
d_{Cp}	Creepage distance	33.6	mm
d_{Cl}	Clearance	33.6	mm
CTI	Comparative tracking index (group IIIa)	175	

Notes: ¹⁾ With a primary bar which fills the through-hole
²⁾ Between primary and secondary + shield
³⁾ Between shield and secondary.

Safety

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.



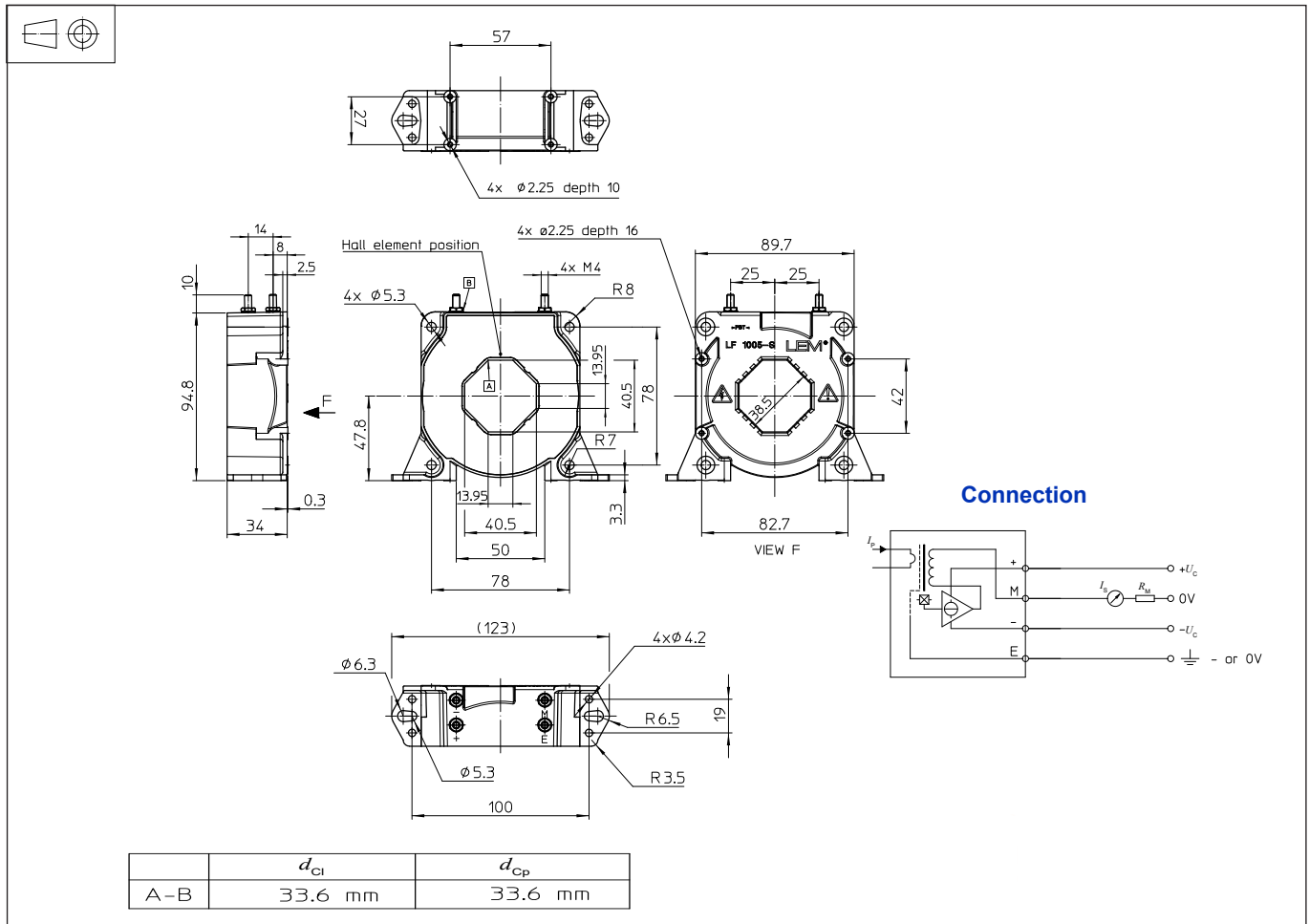
This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).
 Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.
 This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.
 A protective housing or additional shield could be used.
 Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

Dimensions LF 1005-S/SP14 (in mm)



Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance ± 0.5 mm
- Transducer fastening
Vertical position
2 holes $\varnothing 5.3$ mm
2 M5 steel screws
Recommended fastening torque or 4 N·m
2 holes $\varnothing 6.3$ mm
2 M6 steel screws
Recommended fastening torque or 5 N·m
4 holes $\varnothing 4.2$ mm
4 M4 steel screws
Recommended fastening torque or 3.2 N·m
4 holes $\varnothing 2.25$ mm
depth 10 mm
4 × PT KA30 screws
length 10 mm
Recommended fastening torque 0.9 N·m
- Transducer fastening
Horizontal position:
4 holes $\varnothing 5.3$ mm
4 M5 steel screws
Recommended fastening torque or 4 N·m
4 holes $\varnothing 2.25$ mm

- depth 16 mm
- 4 × PT KA30 screws
length 16 mm
- Recommended fastening torque 1 N·m
- Primary through-hole 40.5 × 40.5 mm
- Connection of secondary M4 threaded studs
Recommended fastening torque 1.2 N·m

Remarks

- I_s is positive when I_p flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100 °C.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: <https://www.lem.com/en/file/3137/download/>.
- Dynamic performances (di/dt and delay time) are best with a single bar completely filling the primary hole.