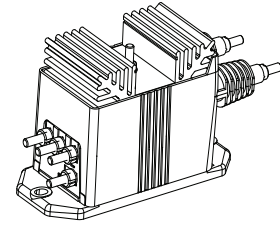


Voltage Transducer LV 100-2000/SP15

For the electronic measurement of voltages: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.

$$U_{PN} = 2000 \text{ V}$$



Electrical data

U_{PN}	Primary nominal RMS voltage	2000	V			
U_{PM}	Primary voltage, measuring range	0 ... ± 3000	V			
I_{PN}	Primary nominal RMS current	5	mA			
R_M	Measuring resistance	with $\pm 15 \text{ V}$	@ $\pm 1000 \text{ V}_{\max}$	$R_{M \min}$	$R_{M \max}$	Ω
			@ $\pm 2000 \text{ V}_{\max}$	0	450	Ω
		@ $\pm 3000 \text{ V}_{\max}$	0	210	Ω	
		@ $\pm 1000 \text{ V}_{\max}$	0	120	Ω	
		@ $\pm 2000 \text{ V}_{\max}$	0	770	Ω	
		@ $\pm 3000 \text{ V}_{\max}$	0	410	Ω	
	with $\pm 24 \text{ V}$	@ $\pm 2000 \text{ V}_{\max}$	0	410	Ω	
		@ $\pm 3000 \text{ V}_{\max}$	110	250	Ω	
I_{SN}	Secondary nominal RMS current	50	mA			
S	Sensitivity	25	$\mu\text{A/V}$			
U_C	Supply voltage ($\pm 10 \%$)	$\pm 15 \dots 24$	V			
I_C	Current consumption	$< 37 (@ \pm 24 \text{ V}) + I_S$	mA			

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

ε_{tot}	Total error @ $U_{PN}, T_A = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}^1$	± 0.9	%
ε_L	Linearity error	< 0.1	%
I_O	Offset current @ $U_p = 0, T_A = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	Typ	Max
		± 0.4	± 0.2
I_{OT}	Temperature variation of I_O $-40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} \dots +85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	± 0.4	mA
t_{D90}	Delay time to 90 % of the final value for U_{PN} step	70	μs

General data

T_A	Ambient operating temperature	$-40 \dots +85$	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{A \text{st}}$	Ambient storage temperature	$-45 \dots +90$	$^\circ\text{C}$
N_P/N_S	Turns ratio	20000 : 2000	
P_P	Total primary power loss	10	W
R_P	Resistance of primary winding @ $T_A = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	400	k Ω
R_S	Resistance of secondary winding @ $T_A = 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	57	Ω
m	Mass	790	g
	Standard ²⁾	EN 50155: 2017	

Notes: ¹⁾ Total error is $\pm 4.8 \%$ at ambient temperature $-40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, including a maximum offset drift 2.0 mA

²⁾ Additional information available on request.

Features

- Closed loop (compensated) voltage transducer using the Hall effect
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0
- Primary resistor – incorporated within the housing.

Special features

- $U_C = \pm 15 \dots 24 (\pm 10 \%) \text{ V}$
- $U_d = 9 \text{ kV}$ (see note ¹⁾, [page 2](#))
- $T_A = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} \dots +85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- $T_{A \text{st}} = -45 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} \dots +90 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- VRT Burn-in
- Connection to secondary circuit on M5 threaded studs
- Shield between primary and secondary
- Labeled with customer part number.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized delay time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- High immunity to external interference.

Applications

- Single or three phase inverters
- Propulsion and braking choppers
- Propulsion converters
- Auxiliary converters
- Battery chargers.

Application domain

- Railway (fixed installations and onboard).

Voltage Transducer LV 100-2000/SP15

Insulation coordination

U_d	RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	9 ¹⁾	kV
		1 ²⁾	kV
		Min	
d_{cp}	Creepage distance	164.8	mm
d_{cl}	Clearance	47.1	mm
CTI	Comparative tracking index (group I)	600	

Notes: ¹⁾ Between primary and secondary + shield + heatsink

²⁾ Between secondary and shield.

Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (e.g. primary connections, power supply).

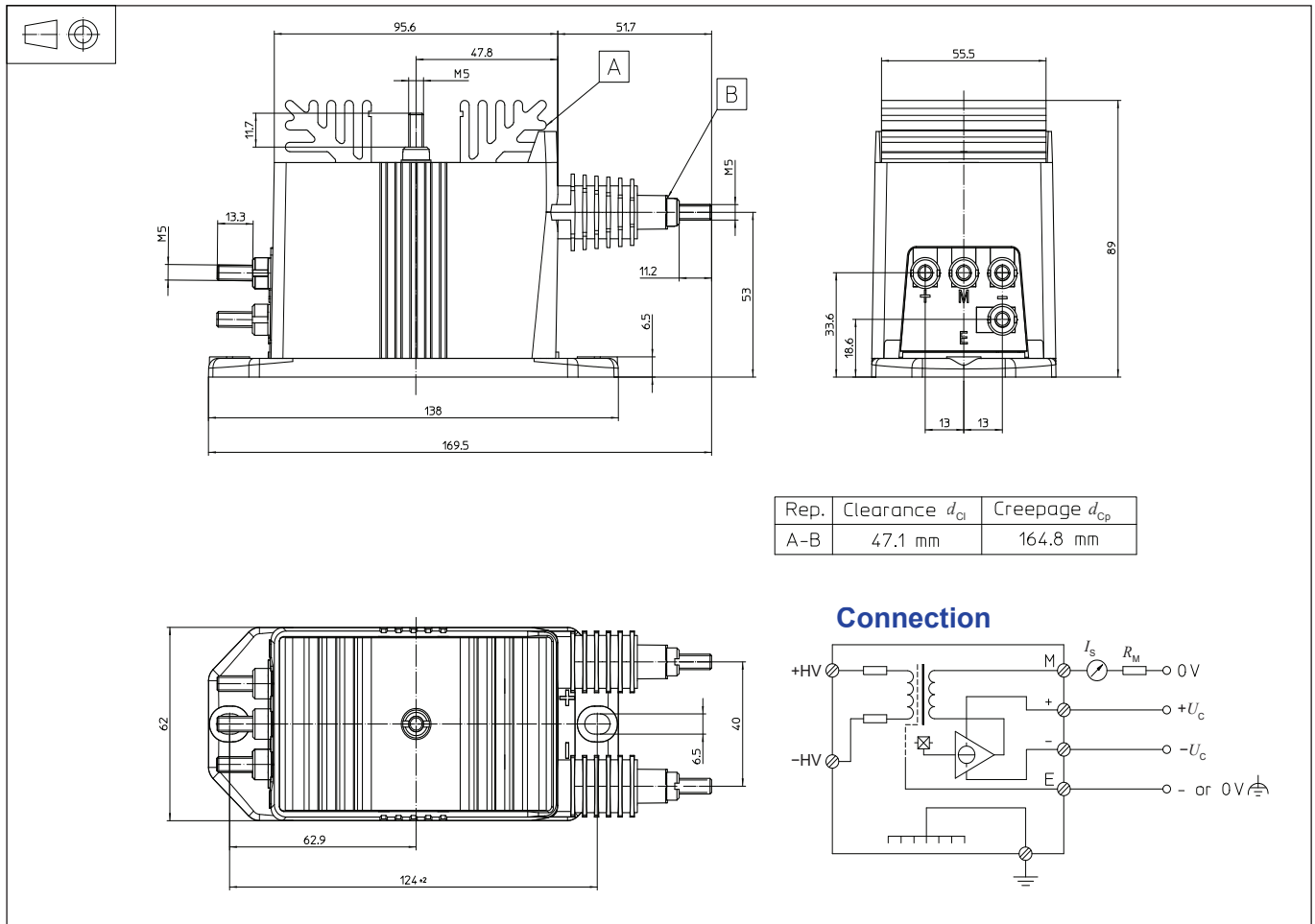
Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

Dimensions LV 100-2000/SP15 (in mm)



Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance ± 0.5 mm
- Transducer fastening
 - 2 holes $\varnothing 6.5$ mm
 - 2 M6 steel screws
 - Recommended fastening torque 5 N·m
- Connection of primary
 - 2 M5 threaded studs
 - Recommended fastening torque 2.2 N·m
- Connection of secondary
 - 4 M5 threaded studs
 - Recommended fastening torque 2.2 N·m
- Connection to the ground
 - M5 threaded stud
 - Recommended fastening torque 2.2 N·m

Remarks

- I_s is positive when U_p is applied on terminal +HV.
- The primary circuit of the transducer must be linked to the connections where the voltage has to be measured.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: <https://www.lem.com/en/file/3137/download/>.