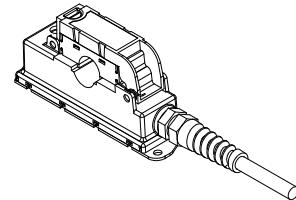


## PointSenz PCM 10-P/SP3

PointSenz PCM 10-P/SP3 is optimized for the electronic measurement of bipolar DC currents, with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.



$I_{PN} = 10 A$



### Electrical data

$I_{PN\ DC}$	Primary nominal DC current (nominal)	10	A
$I_{PM}$	Primary current, measuring range	0 ... $\pm 20$	A
$I_{out}$	Analogue output current @ $I_{PN} = 0$	12	mA
$I_{out}$	Analogue output current @ $+I_{PM}$	20	mA
$I_{out}$	Analogue output current @ $-I_{PM}$	4	mA
$R_M$	Measuring resistance	50 ... 250	$\Omega$
$U_C$	Supply voltage <sup>1)</sup> (-30 %, +25 % continuous)	+24	V
$I_{C\ max}$	Maximum current consumption <sup>2)</sup>	50	mA

### Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

$\varepsilon$	Error <sup>3) 4)</sup> @ $I_{PN}$ , $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , $U_C = +24 V$	$\pm 1$	% of $I_{PN}$
	Maximum position sensitivity relative to centre reading	$\pm 1.5$	% of $I_{PN}$
$\varepsilon_L$	Linearity error <sup>4)</sup> (0 ... $+I_{PN}$ )	$\pm 0.2$	% of $I_{PN}$
$I_{OE}$	Electrical offset current @ $I_{PN} = 0$ , $T_A = 25^\circ C$	$+12 \pm 0.3$	mA
$I_{OM}$	Magnetic offset current @ $I_{PN} = 0$ and specified $R_M$ , after an overload of $3 \times I_{PN}$	$\pm 0.04$	mA
$TCI_{OE}$	Temperature coefficient of $I_{OE}$ $T_A = -25^\circ C \dots +70^\circ C$	$\pm 0.06$	mA/K
$TCS$	Temperature coefficient of $S$ $T_A = -25^\circ C \dots +70^\circ C$	$\pm 0.05$	%/K
$t_{D\ 90}$	Delay time to 90 % of $I_{PN}$ <sup>5)</sup>	< 30	$\mu s$
$BW$	Frequency bandwidth (-3 dB)	DC ... 1	kHz

### General data

$T_A$	Ambient operating temperature (continuous)	-25 ... +55	$^\circ C$
$T_S$	Ambient storage temperature	-25 ... +70	$^\circ C$
$RH$	Relative humidity @ $T_A = 40^\circ C$	95	%
$m$	Mass	120	g
	Standards: Electrically driven points machines	BS 581	
	Vibration	BR 967: 1973 cat. D	
	EMC	EN 50121-5: 2001	
	EMC	EN 50121-3-2: 2015 <sup>6)</sup>	
	Railway applications (power supply, temperature & humidity)	EN 50155: 1995	

This product is designed to conform with the relevant sections of GM/RC 1500, and is intended for use in applications and environments which comply with GS/ES 1914 and GM/R7 1031.

## Current Transducer PCM 10-P/SP3

### Notes (see page 1):

- <sup>1)</sup> Reverse polarity protection
- <sup>2)</sup> Including  $I_{\text{out}}$
- <sup>3)</sup> Excludes electrical offset
- <sup>4)</sup> Includes linearity with the conductor in the centre of the aperture
- <sup>5)</sup> For a  $di/dt > 50 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
- <sup>6)</sup> Deviation of the offset during the test IEC 61000-4-3 @ 20 V/m between 500 MHz and 1 GHz

### Insulation coordination

$U_b$	Rated insulation RMS (OVII; PD2)	200	V
		Min	
$d_{\text{cp}}$	Creepage distance	12	mm
$d_{\text{cl}}$	Clearance	10	mm
$CTI$	Comparative tracking index (group IIIa)	175	

### Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



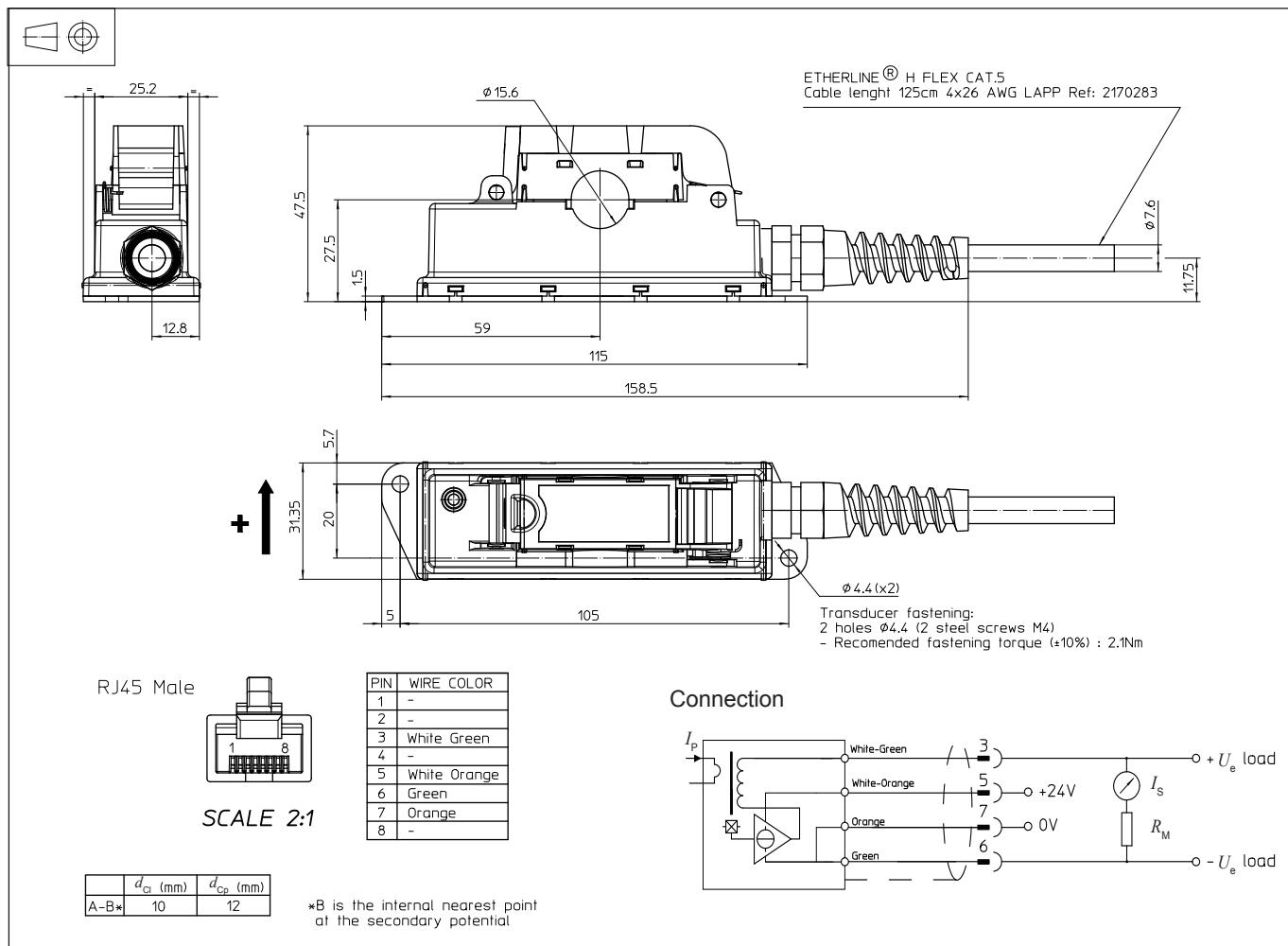
Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (e.g. primary busbar, power supply). Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation. A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

## Dimensions PCM 10-P/SP3 (in mm)



## Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance  $\pm 0.5$  mm
- Transducer fastening 2 holes  $\phi 4.4$  mm  
2 steel screws M4
- Recommended fastening torque 2 N·m ( $\pm 10\%$ )
- Primary through-hole  $\phi 15$  mm
- Connection of secondary on connector RJ45 Male (8 poles)

## Remarks

- $I_{out}$  is positive when  $I_p$  flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 90 °C.
- This unit is intended for direct mounting in track side applications. It should only be installed or removed from isolated hazardous live conductors or insulated hazardous live conductors which are switched off.
- Connections between the transducer and the customers power supply and output monitoring equipment should be made with screened cable.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: <https://www.lem.com/en/file/3137/download>.